# The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

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ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."—*Washington.*

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## Choice Poetry.

### TO ONE DEPARTED.

Do not forget me though a world divides us;
Hold to that memory which is of love;
Let us obey the gentle hand that guides us,
To that blest hour when we shall meet above.

Time may move slowly—we may long be parted—
And clouds and sorrows lie between us cast;
But sure I am the true and constant hearted
Will yet be blest and reunite at last.

I bear my earthly sojourn all the better,
That I can see a calmer home on high;
I bear my suffering and many a fetter,
Because they only last until I die.

I look to meet thee at the glorious portal,
When I shall step into the world of light;
That thou shalt there bestow a kiss immortal,
Amid the angels that shall glad my sight.

I ne'er forget thee—and though earthly passion
May lead my feelings and my thoughts astray,
There is within th' eternal inclination,
To clasp thee to my heart, and keep for aye.

Be thou still near me, and forget me never,
Till I be free and meet thy glance above,
Then may our sympathies unite forever,
And we go forth upon our tasks of love.

### DON'T KILL THE BIRDS.

Don't kill the birds!—the little birds
That sing about the door,
Soon as the joyous spring has come,
And chilling storms are o'er.

The little birds!—how sweet they sing!
Oh! let them joyous live;
And do not seek to take the life
Which you can never give.

Don't kill the birds!—the pretty birds
That play among the trees;
'Twould make the earth a cheerless place,
Should we dispense with these.

Don't kill the birds!—the happy birds
That bless the field and grove!
So innocent to look upon,
They claim our warmest love.

## Miscellaneous.

### The Evening Prayer.

We can scarcely imagine a scene more full of meaning than that of the child who kneels at his mother's knee to ask God's blessing on the sleep into which it is about to enter. There is a great deal of significance in the nightly prayer. It recalls the past to-day, and it reminds us of the future to-morrow, leads us to show how much to-day's work and deeds will affect to-morrow's; and, above all, to teach us that the greatest physical or moral good which we may possess is not our own, but lent to us by a kind Creator. Sir T. Brown says, 'Sleep is Death's younger brother; and so like him I dare not trust him without my prayers." Who will deny that the night's rest is sweeter for having received a Father's blessing? Received, we say, for does not every one that asks receive?

### Hints to Little Folks.

When your parents tell you to do anything, do not whimper, and say you "don't want to," or "you will in a minute," but do it immediately and cheerfully; for when your dear parents are laid in the grave, the recollections of your disobedience will reproach you.

When your parents dress you nicely on the Sabbath, and bid you go to Sabbath school, do not run away and play, for one day a mother's voice will chide you from the cold gloom of the tomb.

Don't fret and murmur when you are sent to school, but look around you at the many little boys and girls who are forced to beg, or work for a living, and believe that you possess peculiar advantages, and that they must be improved.

When your parents reprove you, do not reply with impudence or in anger, but know that it is for your good, and that some day the gentle hand that now seeks to guide your little steps aright, will be still 'neath the valley's sod.

If you are told to keep out of the streets or to relinquish the company of an associate, do not think it hard, but do so at once.

### "I was Young but Now am Old."

What a volume of thought is awakened by these words of the old poet king of Israel, especially when, as we repeat them, we find our own experience corresponding with his. We were young long time ago, and all youth's delicious dreamings and exquisite hopes and cherished illusions have been ours. We looked out upon the world as a fair and beautiful life-garden, whose every green shoot was to bear some fragrant flower or luscious fruit. How we revelled in the anticipation of friendships and loves that seemed to beckon us to their bosom! How we rejoiced in the confidence of achievements and triumphs that awaited us in life! How we built our castles in the air with all the assurance which man ever felt when building on granite or adamant!

But we are getting old. Gray hairs are sprinkled here and there, where formerly flaxen ringlets toyed and dallied with the breeze. Pains and weakness of body remind us of departed buoyancy and vigor; the friends of our youth are vanished; the dreams of youth are over and gone; the golden haze of the future has given place to cold, gray clouds, and wintry winds moan around the decaying tabernacle of flesh.—Happy is it for those who, while growing old, have been laying up a treasure of sweet and virtuous memories, and can look forward to the close of life as to a lying down to a peaceful night's rest, in expectation of a bright and glorious morning.

☞The best cough mixture that has yet been made consists of a pair of thick boots, mixed with lots of air and plenty of exercise. People who hug the stove and grow lean will please notice.—*Boston Post.*

### THE LOST TICKET:
### Or, a Frenchman in a Stew.

In returning from a trip to the Lakes, a few days ago, I witnessed a little affair that makes quite an item in my note book, and may amuse your readers. After a weary drive, in a procession of twelve carriages, that moved solemnly for twelve hours, over as many miles of beautiful country, we pulled up in front of the "National," in Springfield, at about 9, P. M. The Circus and County Court kept that beautiful little town in a densely populated state, so much so that the sixty or seventy passengers that I counted as travelling companions, could not find beds to rest their weary limbs upon but were forced to take carpet-bags, trunks, juleps, until the cars for Cincinnati would give more comfortable quarters. Among the rest, a little Frenchman, whose baggage consisted of a queerly shaped hat-box, and a faded silk umbrella, moved restlessly about with the box in one hand and the umbrella in the other, pouring forth an uninterrupted stream of incomprehensible English, in a way sufficiently ludicrous to amuse two crowds. Suddenly the little garlic worshipper discovered to his utter dismay, that he had lost his ticket, purchased at Buffalo, and warranted to carry him through to the Henrie House in Cincinnati. Here was a predicament! and in the consternation of the moment he dropped both hat-box and umbrella, and vociferated loudly, and in razor-grinding tones for the stage agent.

"Vere is de stage agent?—Vere shall I find de agent? Oh! mon dieu—my gar—I have pay one—two—four—several—great many dollares for von tickets vich I have no got. Who have pick up my tickets—who have find him—vere is de agent?"

It so happened that Mr. L——, the gentlemanly stage manager, and out-door business man of the Cincinnati theatres, was one of our passengers, and at the time of Monsieur La Frog's deepest distress was standing in the moonlight in front of the Circus, talking to a number of friends, when some mischievous wag pointed him out to the little Frenchman as the stage agent. In a moment he was by the side of L——, and breaking in upon the conversation without any ceremony, exclaimed,

"Sare, I have loose my passport—I have losse my—vat you call him, eh? ah, yes—I have got him. No, no, I no mean I have got the ting—I mean I have got the name of de ting, I have lose my tickets."

L——, who knew nothing of the circumstances, supposing he meant a circus ticket, quietly said—

"I am not connected with the circus, sir."

"Sarceus! vat do I care about the sarceus—I no vant the sarceus; I vant my teeket which I have lose."

"I am sorry for your loss, sir, but I am not the person to apply for remedy."

"You are not the pairsonne to make ze remedie?—Sare! are you not connect wiz de stage?"

"Yes, sir, I am connected with the stage, and if I was in Cincinnati, would with pleasure replace your lost ticket, but I have not the power to do so *here*."

"Vat do I viz de teekets in Cincennati—I vant de teekets here—in dis place vere I losse him—if I no get the teeket here I shall nevair get to Cincennati—I shall bring nine, four, several gentlemen, vich vill prove zat I have pay for my teeket, vich I no got, but vich have chump out my pockets."

"Never mind, sir," kindly responded L——, glad to get rid of his tormentor on any terms, "I will replace your ticket."—So saying, he stepped to one of the *attaches* of the circus, procured a ticket and handed it to the excited Frenchman. Poor Frenchy took the square pasteboard, marked "Box," and supposing all right, put it carefully in his pocket book—gathered up his hat-box and umbrella, and reaching the hotel, was fortunate enough to find six feet of the parlor floor unoccupied. Stretching himself out at full length, he was soon in the land of dreams, where no doubt his soul revelled and floundered in whole seas of frogs' soup.

In the morning, soon after breakfast, we were all comfortably seated in the cars, and tearing along at a breakneck speed.—Frenchy sat close to me, and jabbered incessantly. Shortly after the conductor entered, with the usual salutation of "tickets, gentlemen." Our little friend opened his pocket book, took out the ticket he had received the night before, and presented it to the conductor.

"This is not the right ticket, sir."

"He ees no de right? what! yes, saire, he is de right teeket; I have got him from de stage agent, myself."

"That don't alter the matter, sir. I tell you that aint the proper ticket. It don't belong here—it belongs to the circus."

"Ha! dere ees dat sare cus come once more. Now vat have I got to do wiz de sarceus?"

He was just about to assassinate English in reply, when a benevolent individual, who sat next to him, explained, as well as he could, the nature of the case. This only had the effect of changing the current of his rage, and he chafed up and down the floor, showering invectives upon the devoted head of the agent, who had given him the ticket the night before.

"Ah yes—by gar, I have now see—I have been sheat—I have been swindle—I have been vat you call humbug—but nevare mind, I shall return yesterday—to-morrow—sometime and chastise the rascal vera much, great deal, several time."

While laying this flattering consolation to his wounded soul, his eye happened to rest upon poor L——, who sat quietly at the far end of the car—and recognizing him as the stage agent of the night before, he at once "opened on him."

"Sare you are a vera great scoundrel, and I shall give you five cent to black my boot."

"What's that, sir?"

"I say you are a rascal—von leetale puppy dog vizout de tail—you have peeked my pocket—you have sheat a me—you have no geeve me ze teekets vich I have pay for—you have no geeve me ze teekets I have loose—but you have geeve me von teeket to the *Opera la Cheval*—vat you call de horse opera—de sare cus."

"Sir," said L——, rising from his seat in evident indignation, "what do you mean? How dare you apply the word pickpocket to me?"

"Sare, I sall soon show you vat I have mean—I mean to flog you—I mean to shastise a you vera much," and suiting the word, he pitched into his antagonist, and before bystanders could separate them, had badly dislocated poor L——'s shirt collar, and drawn a copious flood of scarlet from his nose. By dint of persuasion and force combined, however, he was finally seated in front of the car, surrounded by a number of peacemakers, who after much difficulty, succeeded in convincing him that the whole affair originated in a mistake.—He then begged to be conducted to L——, who was busily engaged in saturating the third handkerchief, in a vain attempt to stop the red current that still persisted in oozing from his nose.

"Sare, I have see I make von leetle, small, great big mistake. I am vera sorry for him. On my honaire, sair, if I have known him before, I sall not have weep your nose; but I am ready to make de apologize—to make *amende*, and for every drop of claret vich I have draw from your nose, I sall wiz plaisaire put one bottle in your beltie."

Here the loud mirth of the bystanders restored L—— to his good humor, and joining in laughter, he shook hands with his antagonist, and they were friends.—*Cincinnati Signal.*

### Anecdote of Washington.

The following incident of the battle of Monmouth is reported upon the authority of G. W. P. Custis, the well known grandson of Mrs. Washington, and adopted son of the chief:

"When General Washington's horse fell under him snorting streams of blood in the hottest part of the fight, the chief coolly stepped from his prostrated charger, and sprang upon another, which, as in accordance with his usual custom, was led near him, calling at the same time upon his old body servant, 'Billy, take charge of that sadde!' pointing to the falling horse.—Old Billy remarked, in relating this circumstance to Mr. Custis, 'Who ebber did see a man like Massa Washington? who would eber hab thought of the saddle but him?—Massa remembers ebery ting, he neber forget nothing."

### The Marriage Tie.

Many are of opinion, that if it were not for the stringency of the civil law, nearly all families would be broken up and society go into chaos. We have no such notion. If a proclamation were made to day, declaring every marriage in the Union null and void, and leaving it once more to the choice of the parties whether the relation be renewed, business would be suspended, newspapers would stop, stores, factories and workshops would close. The editors would be all at home getting married, merchants, operatives and mechanics would each be waiting their turn to have the nuptial knot retied. Cross, fretful, sickly wives, that had almost been felt a burden before, would grow very dear at the thought of separation. Domineering, harsh husbands would be forgiven; and in all places where a spark of conjugal love remained, it would be blown to a flame; where nothing but dead embers and the ashes remained they could be taken up and made into soap, and society cleansed therewith.—*Mrs. N[illegible]*

*The Figure Nine.*—A correspondent over the signature of "the [illegible]" sends a [illegible] the following:—

I have just read in your paper what has often before been published, respecting the curious properties of the figure 9. One of these properties is of importance to all bookkeepers and accountants to know, and which I have never seen published. I accidentally stumbled upon it [illegible] though it may have been well known to others [illegible] [illegible] of essential service in settling complicated accounts. It is thus:

The difference between any transposed numbers is always a multiple of 9; for instance, suppose an accountant or bookkeeper on making up or balancing his accounts—there is a difference between his debits and credits, which he cannot account for, after careful and repeated addings. Let him then see if this difference can be divided by 9, without any remainder. If it can, he may be assured that his error most probably lies in his having somewhere transposed figures, that is to say, he has put down 92 for 29, 81 for 18, &c., with any other transposition. The difference of any such transposition is always a multiple of 9. The knowledge of this will at once direct attention to the true source of error, and save the labor of adding up often long columns of figures. The difference between 92 and 29 is 63, or 7 times 9; between 18 and 81 is [illegible], or [illegible] times 9; and so on between any transposed numbers.

*A Philosophical Answer.*—"Uncle Joe," said an observing little boy, "our folks always put up the window when the room is filled with smoke, and the wind blows in so as to prevent the smoke from going out that way; now, where does the smoke go?" "It goes into the people's eyes," was uncle Joe's philosophical answer.

### The Story in a Nutshell.

The Albany Knickerbocker, under the head of Independence and Progress, tells the story of our nation's birth and progress in the following racy style:

"It is but seventy-seven years ago since Uncle Sam was born, and what an eventful seventy seven years they have been! Seventy-seven years ago the United States was a remote circumstance; they now compose the second commercial nation in the world. In three-quarters of a century they have revolutionized the world, built up an empire, licked our mother, and fenced in a continent. In less time than it took Methuselah to get out of swaddling-clothes, we have made more canals, tamed more lightning, and harnessed more steam, and at greater cost in money, than the revenue of the whole world could have paid for, the day he got out of his time. In seventy-five years we have not only changed the politics of the earth, but its wearing apparel—cotton shirts being as much the offspring of the United States as ballot-boxes and Democracy.—Since the 4th of July, 1776, the whole world has been to school, and what is better has learned more common sense than was caught in the previous four thousand years. The problem of self government has been solved, and its truth made immortal as Washington or yellow corn. Its adaptation to all the wants of the more aspiring nation, has been made most signally manifest. Under its harmonious wording, a Republic has grown up in an ordinary lifetime, that would have taken any other system of government a thousand years to have brought about. Yes, in less time than it takes some green house plants to arrive at maturity, we have built a nation that has spread from Maine to Mexico, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific—a nation that has caught more whales, licked more Mexicans, planted more telegraphic posts, and owns more steamboats, than any nation that has ever lived, or ever will live."

*SPAIN—As it was, and as it is.*—How sad has been the decay of this once powerful nation, whose very name was formerly emblematic of splendor and power, now, alas! a melancholy memorial of departed greatness. Under the Moors, the population of Spain was thirty millions; it is now less than thirteen millions. The Clamor Publico, a Madrid newspaper, says:

"Granada, before its fall in 1487, contained 400,000 inhabitants, of whom 60,000 bore arms. It now contains but 60,000 souls all counted. Malaga, in the 17th century, contained 60,000 inhabitants; it now contains 6,000. Merida, at the epoch, possessed 40,000 inhabitants; it now possesses only 5,000. In the 16th century, the diocese of Salamancha had 127 cities and villages; it now has 13 only. Segovia, in 1725, had 5,000 families: now 2,000. Seville, in the 17th century, had a population of 300,000, of which 130,000 were employed in manufactures: it now contains 90,000 souls all told. Toledo, in the 15th century, had 200,000 inhabitants; it now has 15,000. Valence, which in the year 1699, counted a population of 600,000, now hardly numbers 60,000. In 1778 there were counted 1,511 abandoned villages in Spain, and the number has been increasing from that day to this."

☞Rowland gives the following receipt for long eye-brows and eye-lashes:

In Circassia, Georgia, Persia and India, one of the mother's earliest cares is to promote the growth of her children's eye-lashes, by tipping and removing the fine gossamer-like points with a pair of scissors, when they are asleep. By repeating this every month or six weeks, they become in time, long, close, finely, curved, and of a silky gloss.—The practice never fails to produce the desired effect, and it is particularly useful when, owing to inflammation of the eyes, the lashes have been thinned or stunted.

*The Pennsylvania Industrial [illegible].*—In referring lately to the statistics of the Philadelphia County Prison, the "North American" incidentally notices the fact that of the two hundred and seventy convicts received into that institution during the last year no [illegible] than one hundred and eighty-three [illegible] [illegible] *regular profession or trade upon which to depend for a livelihood.* This extraordinary condition of things, says the North American, [illegible] of all well-wishers of the community, pregnant as it is with an alarming [illegible] [illegible] generally by those who have the charge and guidance of youth. The fact speaks trumpet-tongued of the great wrong committed by parents who, under the weight of such a responsibility, omit the performance of their duty and permit children to grow up to maturity mere useless [illegible] in the great body of civilized society.

*Presentation at Court.*—A rather hard specimen of a Yankee, lately returned from Europe, told his friends he had been presented at Court there. "Did you see the Queen?" asked one. "Wal, no," returned the Yankee, "I didn't see her 'zactly, but I see'd one of her friends—a judge, I guess," he continued, "the Court I was presented at happened to be a Police Court."

☞The severest punishment of any injury is the consciousness of having done it; and no one but the guilty knows the withering pains of repentance.

☞Welsh women are said to be the most industrious people in the world, because they [illegible] water when it has been raining hard.

☞Sawdust pills would effectually cure many of the diseases with which mankind are afflicted, if every individual would make his own saw dust.

### Parson Brownlow.

We once heard an anecdote told of the Parson, which if true, clearly shows that what he thinks is right, he will endeavor to maintain. It is said that he was once notified by one of the greatest pugilists and braggadocios in Tennessee, that if he attempted to preach again at a certain place, he would be taken from the pulpit and publicly whipt in the presence of his congregation. The persons present knowing the man who had thus threatened the Parson to be a desperate fellow, advised him not to preach.—They were requested not to give themselves any trouble, as he would attend to the matter himself.

Sunday morning came, and so did the Parson at the appointed hour, and took his place in the pulpit. Upon looking around he saw the fellow who had threatened him with a number of his friends occupying a portion of the church near the pulpit. He began the usual exercises by opening the Bible which lay upon the desk—he then removed from his right coat pocket a revolver, and placed it at the right of the word of truth—then another to his left; he then drew from his bosom a large and heavy bowie knife, and laid it across the leaves to prevent the wind from turning them. This was an argument which foreboded certain results; his opponents were so perfectly amazed with the beginning of the sermon, that they concluded it best not to interfere with him, and it is said that no set of men ever got such a scorching as did some of his congregation upon that occasion.

### Rare.

Years ago a blunt Vermont farmer, not altogether versed in the polite literature of fashionable cookery, having by hard knocks acquired considerable property, took it into his head to visit Boston, and started accordingly with his best one-horse rig. Stopping near noon at one of the "smart" villages on the route, he put up for a time and ordered dinner. When asked what he preferred, he mentioned beef steak, whereupon the landlord very politely inquired whether he would have it rare or well done. This was a stumper for our friend, but thinking there might be something "glorious" in the "uncertainty," he assumed the air of one "who knew the bricks," and ordered it rare. All things in readiness, our hero took a seat at the table and commenced a vigorous onslaught on the smoking viands placed before him. At the first cut in the steak, blood very generously followed the knife, at which he started back in astonishment and rang the bell furiously. Directly a waiter answered the summons, and inquired what he wished.

"I want this beef cooked!" said the guest.

"But you ordered it rare," replied the waiter.

"I know it," said the guest, assuming to understand the matter fully, "but it is not quite right; you may take it out and *rare it over again.*"

☞A youngster who had been sent to school for the first time found it impossible to master the letter B. He could remember all the rest, but this was a teazer, he was "wallopped" daily for forgetting it.—At length a comrade met him going home blubbering piteously, and accosted him with, "Bill, what are you crying for?"—"Can't remember the letter B," says Bill. "Well, don't cry," rejoins his companion, "and if you can forget it by to-morrow morning, I will give you three fish hooks." The result was that Bill tried so hard to forget the fatal letter, that he always remembered it from that day to this.

*Perplexing the Flock.*—Most boys seem to have a natural propensity for creating annoyance to others. We have often known of their setting traps to catch people at church doors, and perplex the congregation coming out. The latest mode they have struck upon, for annoying church goers, was practised last Sunday. A [illegible] youths spent the forepart of the Lord's day collecting together, in a vacant lot on Penn street, all the straggling hogs they could find about the city. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the crowds of people returning from church, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] much. The hogs were very dirty, and considerably scared, and ran in every direction, with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Many a gent. found difficulty in suppressing the roughest kind of oaths, and many a fair one restrained the clamorous of passion, only to allow them better vent when she got within doors. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

☞An honest simple Irishman, [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] of the shops in Liverpool, in search of harvest work. A [illegible] on the quay, thinking to quiz the poor stranger, asked him, "how long, Pat, have you been [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the potatoes eat now?" The Irishman, who happened to have a [illegible] in his hand, answered, "they eat [illegible] [illegible], my jewel; would you like to taste the [illegible]," and knocking the inquirer down coolly walked off.

*Sweet Innocence.*—A young lady of Harrisburg, Pa., was out riding, a few days since. The horse commenced kicking, when she, in the most simple manner, requested her companion to get out and hold the horse's leg, or he might injure the vehicle."

### Moral Suasion on a Ram.

When a friend of ours, whom we call Agricola, was a boy, he lived on a farm in Berkshire county, the owner of which was troubled by his dog Wolf. The cur killed his sheep, knowing, perhaps, that his master was conscientiously opposed to capital punishment, and he could devise no means to prevent it.

"I can break him of it," said Agricola, "if you will give me leave."

"Thou art permitted," said the honest farmer; and we will let Agricola tell the story in his words.

"There was a ram on the farm," said Agricola, "as notorious for butting as Wolf was for sheep killing, and who stood as much in need of moral suasion as the dog. I shut Wolf up in the barn with this old fellow, and the consequence was, that the dog never looked a sheep in the face again. The ram broke every bone in his body, literally. Wonderfully uplifted was the ram aforesaid, by his exploit; his insolence became intolerable; he was sure to pitch into whomsoever went nigh him. I'll fix him, said I, and so I did. I rigged an iron crow bar out of a hole in the barn, point foremost, and hung an old hat on the end of it. You can't always tell when you see a hat, whether there is a head in it or not; how then should a ram? Arise made at it full butt, and being a good marksman from long practice, the bar broke in between his horns, and came out under his tail. This little admonition effectually cured him of butting."

*Shocking Language.*—An exchange says: Any one would suppose that the employment of sewing was the most peaceful and quiet occupation in the world; and yet it is absolutely horrifying to hear ladies talk of stilettos, bodkins, gatherings, surgings, hemmings, gorings, cuttings, whippings, lacings, cuffings, and baistings! What a list of abominables!

☞Sterne's Uncle Toby says that one of the tricks of woman is to pretend that they have accidentally got something in their eye, and induce a man to look into it; and he says the man is sure gone, if he looks there for that something.

☞We avoid a snarling dog, not because we fear him, but because he disturbs us? So it is with snarling men, we avoid them because they annoy us with their petty grievances. 'Tis only small dogs that bark, so with men, the smaller a man's calibre, the more noise he makes.

*A Long Fast.*—A handsome young woman from Bremen recently arrived in New York, and, with a friend, proceeded to Wisconsin. While returning from there, she lost her friend in the cars, and being unable to speak a word of English, and entirely destitute of money, she went three days and three nights without tasting a particle of food. At the end of that time, she received assistance in New York.

☞Mr. Benton is said to be perfectly well convinced, by the more recent examinations of the central and other routes, that a railroad to the Pacific is, at present, impracticable and absurd. A good wagon road is the only practicable mode of improving the means of communication across the continent, and this ought to be provided for by Congress without delay. It is said that Mr. Benton will advocate the construction, by the Government, of a national turnpike for wagons. Such a road would probably lead to the construction of railroads, ultimately, upon parts of the route selected.

*High Prices.*—At Constantinople and the adjacent ports an American ham is worth five dollars, a six cent bottle of ale fifty cents, two pounds of cheese two dollars, and a steamer adapted to carrying freight might easily make a fortune in the Bosphorus.

*A Good Price.*—In Memphis, Tenn., the man who gets drunk is not the [illegible] [illegible], but set to work [illegible] on the streets for so many [illegible] [illegible], according to the grade of his intoxication.

*A [illegible] [illegible].*—The Chinese [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] singular story of the punishment inflicted on a Chinese criminal.—His [illegible] [illegible], was [illegible], and it was [illegible] to make an [illegible] [illegible] him. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

*[illegible] [illegible].*—The Washington Sun reports that the [illegible] on which Lieut. Strain's party were obliged to [illegible] upon during their [illegible] exploration of the Isthmus of Darien, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which has destroyed the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

*An Established Church [illegible].*—The established Church of England has, within the last twenty years, without assistance of the State, built 2,000 churches, at a cost of £5,000,000 or $27,000,000. The Church of Eng[land] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from the State.

*Shame to Manhood.*—To see a delicate woman rubbing her clothes over a wash-board from morning till night, and a [illegible] *gentleman* measuring out yards of lace and ribbons, would make a Pawnee Indian laugh at our assumptions of chivalry.

☞Ignorance is proud that he has learned so much. Wisdom is humble that he knows no more.

### Female Education in Japan.

In Japan as much care is bestowed on the education of the women as of the men. The science of the Almanac is esteemed one of the most important branches of school learning, to avoid commencing a weighty undertaking on an unlucky day. At the age of fifteen years the boys have their heads shaved, and become thereby members of society. They also receive a new name at this time, and invariably upon every advance in rank the old cognomen is changed for a new one. In marrying, equality of rank between the contracting parties is the first requirement, and when no obstacle of this sort stands in the way, the youth, declares his passion by attaching the branch of a certain shrub to the house of the young lady's parents. If this is neglected, so is his suit; if it is accepted, so is the lover; and if the damsel wishes to put her reciprocity of this offer beyond a doubt, she forthwith blackens her teeth. Presents, as amongst most oriental nations, are now exchanged, and after, with great ceremony, burning her toys, to indicate that she is to be no longer childish, she is presented by her parents with a marriage dress and some articles of household furniture, among which are always a spinning wheel, a loom, and the culinary implements required in a Japanese kitchen. All this bridal equipment is conveyed in great state to the bridegroom's house and exhibited on the day of the wedding.

*Startling Occurrence.*—At New York, on Tuesday afternoon, the residents in the 4th avenue, near 26th street, were alarmed by persons rushing across the street, lifting up their hands and crying out, "Go back, go back!" In a moment more there was seen on the roof of a four story house a little boy apparently about three years old, standing, looking over the cornice, and swinging his hat, quite unconscious of his danger. The great fear was that he would become frightened by the noise and fall over. Mr. Conklin, of the firm of Conklin & Hogg, and another gentleman whose name we could not learn, rushed inside to the top of the house, and called the child towards them in as calm a voice as could be uttered under such imminent circumstances. The child turned to come to them, when they ran forward, seized him, and bore him away in safety. The child was the only son of a widow lady living in the row, who was at the time absent from home. How he could have got out of the scuttle is a mystery, for he was very small, indeed quite a baby. For a minute his death seemed inevitable.—*Evening Post.*

*The Fillibusters at the South.*—The New York Tribune states there is no doubt that a large force is being raised at the South to invade Cuba, and it goes on to say that the expedition is postponed for the present, owing to a tight money market in New Orleans. The Tribune adds:

"An effort is now to be made to raise more money among the up-river-planters—with what success remains to be seen. The calculation is that the first division, numbering 5000 men—1000 of them Mississippi rifles, and 1000 more armed with a new patent rifle—will be afloat before the 1st of July. Should it get off as calculated, it will be very weak in artillery and utterly destitute of cavalry, so that the Spaniards must be poor tools if, with 20,000 men well appointed—at least 10,000 of them disposable—they cannot use up the invaders before the steamships can bring the second division to their assistance."

*The Beef Market.*—While we are complaining here of an inconvenient scarcity of beef cattle, Californians are singing a somewhat different tune. A correspondent of the Los Angeles Star, writing under date of April 26th, says:

"In a very short time the beef market will be glutted, and there will be a stagnation in that branch of business. I am of opinion that I passed between this place (Los Angeles) and Santa Clara Valley, some *ten thousand head of cattle*, and about fifty thousand head of sheep, all en route for San Francisco and the mines. I have also learned that at least 20,000 head of cattle will be driven from the States this season."

*[illegible] [illegible].*—We find the following in an exchange paper:

"An English journal says that an old Saxon has been using for fifty years, and with [illegible] success, a remedy for the bite of mad dogs, by the agency of which he has rescued many fellow beings and cattle from the fearful death of hydrophobia. The remedy is to wash the wound immediately with warm vinegar and tepid water, dry it, and then apply a few drops of muriatic acid, which will destroy the poison of the saliva or neutralize it, and the cure is effected."

*[illegible] "[illegible] Fourth"* is to be celebrated in Hamilton, N. Y., in right piggish style. A [illegible] pig with a greased tail [illegible] let loose upon the common, and is to become the property of the man who will [illegible] him by the tail three minutes.

*Fatal Encounter with a Bear.*—A man named [illegible] had a fight with a bear near [illegible], on Monday, and was killed. Apparently [illegible] a terrible struggle.—He was found completely disfigured, his [illegible] [illegible], and near him the bear, pierced with two balls in the flank and shoulder.—The animal weighed 300 pounds.

☞A mother in San Francisco cured her little boy of swearing by washing out his mouth with soap suds every time he used profane words in it.

☞In Australia the yield of gold from the diggings is increasing.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

IN pursuance of a writ of *Vend. Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale on *Saturday the 17th day of June next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, the following property, to wit:

No. 1. *A Lot of Meadow Ground*, situate in the borough of Gettysburg, containing *Four Acres*, more or less, adjoining lands of Alexander Cobean, Wm. W. Paxton, and others.

No. 2. *A Lot of Ground*, situate in same borough, containing *Five Acres*, more or less, adjoining lands of D. McConaughy, Adam Doersom, F. E. Vandersloot, and others.

No. 3. *A Lot of Meadow Ground*, situate partly in said borough, and partly in Cumberland township, containing *Eight Acres*, more or less, adjoining lands of F. L. Vandersloot, James A. Thompson, and lots No. 4, 5, and 7.

No. 4. *A Lot of Ground*, situate partly in said borough, and partly in Cumberland township, containing *Five Acres*, more or less, adjoining lands of Wm. W. Paxton, and lots No. 3, 5, and 6; on which is a Young Apple Orchard.

No 5. *A Lot of Ground*, situate in Cumberland township, containing *Three Acres*, more or less, adjoining lots No. 3, 4, 6 and 7; on which is erected a frame weather-boarded BARN, with threshing floor, and a well of good water, with a pump in it, near the Barn.

No. 6. *A Lot of Ground*, situate partly in the borough of Gettysburg, and partly in Cumberland township, containing *Seven Acres*, more or less, adjoining lands of J. B. McPherson, John Gilbert, and lots No. 4, 5, and 8, on which is erected a Frame STABLE.

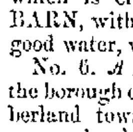
No. 7. All the Interest of William W. Hamersly in a *Lot of Ground*, situate in the township of Cumberland, containing *Five Acres*, more or less, adjoining lands of George H. Swope, and lots No. 3, 5, and 8.

No. 8. All the Interest of Wm. W. Hamersly in a *Lot of Ground*, situate in said township, containing *Four Acres*, more or less, adjoining lands of George H. Swope, John Gilbert, and lots No. 6, and 7.

—ALSO—

At 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg,

*No. 9. A Half Lot of Ground*, situate in the Borough of Gettysburg, fronting on West York street, and adjoining lots of Dr. D. Horner and George Blessing, and running back to an alley, on which is erected



a two-story Brick DWELLING-HOUSE, a Stable, and other Out-buildings. Seized and taken in execution as the estate of *Wm. W. Hamersly*.

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff, must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, and on failure to comply therewith the property will again be put up for sale.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff*.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, May 22, 1854. ts

## NOTICE.

A Meeting of the Stockholders of the BANK OF GETTYSBURG, will be held at the Banking-house, on *Tuesday, June 13*, 1854, to take into consideration the acceptance of the new "CHARTER" granted said Bank.

G. SWOPE, *Pres't*.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1854. td

## LOST.

ON Wednesday morning last, between Gettysburg and Marsh-creek,

**A Memorandum Book & Check Roll,**

with blank cover. It contained nothing of value except to the owner. The finder shall be suitably rewarded on returning it to the subscriber. ROBERT COBEAN.

May 22. 3t

## FLOUR & GROCERY STORE.

### JACOB NORBECK

INFORMS his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the Store-room lately occupied by Mr. J. Hoke, on Baltimore street, over the hill, where he has now on hand a very choice selection of

**GROCERIES,**

of all kinds, such as Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Spices, Vinegar, Pickles, in short, every thing in the Grocery line, which he is selling very low for Cash or Country Produce, and to which he invites the attention of the public, confident that he can supply them with as good and cheap articles in that line as can be had any where.

☞He will also constantly keep

**Flour & Feed-Stuffs,**

which he will sell low. ☞Give him a call, and try his choice Groceries.

Gettysburg, April 17. 3t

*BEAUTIFULLY*

**ILLUSTRATED WORKS,**

In Splendid Bindings.

**New and Attractive Juveniles,**

*FANCY GOODS,*

in great variety—for sale by

Dec. 19. KELLER KURTZ.

**Bonnets—Hats.**

A large assortment of Summer Bonnets, Silk and Straw, Panama, and other light Hats for the approaching season, have been received, and are offered at low prices.

RIBBONS, of every style, and very handsome patterns, we can furnish at reduced prices. S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

April 3. tf

**Exhibition—Admittance Free.**

MARCUS SAMSON'S Clothing Emporium embraces the largest and best assortment of Frock and Dress Coats of every variety of color, quality and style, which have ever been offered to the public. Call and see, even if you do not wish to buy.

IRISH LINENS, Muslins, Tickings, Flannels, Linen Table Cloths, Toweling, and Drillings,—a large variety—for sale at

April 10. SCHICK'S.

LADIES are invited to call and see the finest article of DRESS SHOE that has ever been in this market.

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Flowers, a large and splendid assortment, the best ever brought to town, at SCHICK'S.

BUFF VESTS.—A splendid lot of Buff Vests [illegible] for sale cheap at SAMSON'S.

**"TAKE MY HAT."**

M. SAMSON, having added a new feature to his business, is prepared to offer to the public a choice assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES. Having [illegible] selected only for cash, he is enabled to sell at astonishingly low prices. Call at the cheap store of M. SAMSON.

May 2. tf

DRAW NEAR—COME AND SEE! J. L. SCHICK would inform the Ladies [illegible] the largest and best [illegible] assortment of BONNETS, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] tf

PERFUMERY, [illegible] SCHICK'S.

## SHERIFFALTY.

THE undersigned, encouraged by the solicitations of numerous friends, announces himself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next Election, and respectively asks the support of his fellow-citizens. If elected, I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

ISAAC NEELY.

Freedom township, Dec. 26. tf

*To the Voters of Adams County:*

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration for the office of SHERIFF at the next Election. Should I be elected, it will be my aim to acknowledge the favor by endeavoring to discharge the duties of the office promptly and with fidelity.

HENRY THOMAS.

Straban township, Dec. 19. te

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the favorable consideration and support of his friends, pledging himself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JOHN L. TATE.

Gettysburg, Oct. 21. tf

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention—pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to perform the duties of the Office to the best of my ability.

GEO. C. STRICKHOUSER.

Gettysburg, Nov. 28. te

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—At the request of many friends I again offer myself as a candidate for the next SHERIFFALTY of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and pledge myself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office satisfactorily to all.

DANIEL MINNIGH.

Latimore township, Nov. 7. tf

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention. I therefore, respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I succeed in the nomination, and be elected, no effort or exertions on my part shall be spared, by a faithful and impartial performance of the duties thereof, to evince my sense of your kindness and confidence. DAVID NEWCOMMER.

East Berlin, Nov. 28. te

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits a liberal support from the Voters of Adams county, and when elected will promise to fulfill the duties of the office with fidelity and despatch. DAVID P. HIXERD.

Straban tp., Feb. 13. te

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention—pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

GEORGE B. THOMAS.

Reading township, Nov. 7. tf

BY the encouragement of numerous friends I am induced to offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, subject to the decison of the Whig County Convention, and I respectfully ask the support of my fellow-citizens. J. F. KŒHLER.

Abbottstown, Jan. 2. te

AT the urgent solicitations of many friends I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, at the next Election, subject to the Whig Nominating Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the Office to the best of my ability and without partiality. JOSEPH BARKER.

Germany township, Nov. 28. te

*Fellow-citizens of the County of Adams:*

THE undersigned, encouraged by solicitations of numerous friends, announces himself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the next election, and respectfully asks the support of his fellow-citizens. If elected, I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

ISAAC LEEPER.

Cumberland tp., March 6. tf

FRIENDS & Fellow-Citizens of the County of Adams:—I have never before solicited your votes for any public station. I now present myself to your consideration as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, with the confident hope and assurance of receiving from you a cordial, generous, and liberal support. And I would most respectfully ask a nomination from my Whig friends, when assembled in County Convention. If elected, I will endeavor to execute the duties with promptness, lenity, and impartiality, and all my efforts shall be directed towards a faithful discharge of duty. SAMUEL E. HALL.

Cumberland township, Dec. 26. tf

## OPENING OF FASHIONS.

### KELLER KURTZ

HAS OPENED HIS FALL STYLES FOR GENTLEMEN'S

**HATS & CAPS,**

ALSO,

**Men's, Boys', Youth's, Ladies', Misses' & Childs' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Ties, and Slippers.**

Sept. 5.

TELL your Friends, that MARCUS SAMSON has just received and opened a choice lot of Black, Blue, and Green Cloth Frock and Dress Coats—Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Linens, Cottons, &c.—and will dispose of them at the lowest living rates.

LUTHERAN HYMN BOOKS.—A very large assortment of Lutheran Hymn Books, bound in every style of binding, just received at the cheap Bookstore of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

WANTED, Customers to purchase a superior lot of Black French Doeskin Cassimere Pants, Fancy Cassimeres of every description, Cassinet Pants of every shade and quality, together with any amount of Velvet Cords, Linens, Cottons, &c., at the cheap store of SAMSON.

WINDOW BLINDS!—A new assortment of Window Blinds, Imitation of [illegible] Blinds, just arrived at the well-known Store of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

TRUNKS!—A general assortment of Trunks for sale very cheap at SAMSON'S.

OVER COATS, OVER COATS.—*Prepare for Winter.* The subscriber has just received and opened a choice lot of Overcoats of every description [illegible] [illegible] MARCUS SAMSON.

## SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF [illegible]

April 10. T. WARREN.

## Prothonotary.

*To the Independent Voters of Adams county.*

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—The undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY, at the next Election, subject to the ballot-box. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the Office with fidelity and impartiality. THOMAS BLOCHER.

Butler township, April 3. te

*To the Voters of Adams County:*

GRATEFUL for the favors and evidences of confidence heretofore extended to me by my fellow-citizens, and encouraged by numerous solicitations and friendly assurances, I am induced to announce myself as a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the next Whig County Convention—pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to devote my best efforts to a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of the office. JOHN PICKING.

East Berlin, Dec. 12. te

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

WM. S. HAMILTON.

Butler township, Nov. 14. tf

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully asks the support of his fellow citizens.

ROBERT MARTIN.

Gettysburg, Feb. 13. te

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY, at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

CHARLES W. LEGO.

Franklin township, Jan. 2. te

## Register and Recorder.

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of REGISTER and RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and pledges himself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the Office with fidelity and impartiality.

JACOB FULWEILER.

Franklin township, Feb. 20. te

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR

**Register and Recorder.**

*To the Voters of Adams County:*

DAVID McCREARY offers himself as a Candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER, soliciting the nomination from the Whig County Convention. In doing this I make no profession of a superabundance of patriotism, as the foundation of my desire to serve the people of Adams county, but will only say that if elected I will discharge the duties of the office in an honest and satisfactory manner.

Feb. 13. te

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of REGISTER & RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the support of his fellow-citizens.

ALEXANDER COBEAN.

Gettysburg, Dec. 5. te

*To my Friends & Fellow Voters of Adams County.*

THE generous and cordial support I received on former occasions, has encouraged me to present myself again to your consideration, and that of the Whig County Convention, as a candidate for the Office of REGISTER & RECORDER of Adams county at the next Election, and I therefore respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I succeed in the nomination and be elected, no effort or exertions on my part shall be spared, by a faithful and impartial performance of the duties thereof, to evince my sense of your kindness and confidence.

JOHN L. GUBERNATOR.

Conowago township, Nov. 14. tf

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of REGISTER & RECORDER—subject to the decision of the next Whig County Convention: and respectfully solicits the support of his friends.

JACOB AUGHINBAUGH.

Gettysburg, April 10. te

## Clerk of the Courts.

I will be a candidate for the Office of *Clerk of the Courts*, at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

JOHN GARVIN.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21. tf

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—At the request of many friends I again offer myself as a candidate for the next CLERK OF THE COURTS of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicit your favorable consideration and support, pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office with punctuality and fidelity.

J. J. BALDWIN.

Straban township, Nov. 14. tf

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of *Clerk of the Courts*, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the support of his fellow-citizens. JOHN McCLEARY.

Fairfield, Nov. 28. te

## NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

**Hardware, Iron, Steel,**

**GROCERIES,**

**CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS.**

**Springs, Axles, Saddlery,**

*CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,*

**Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs.**

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Saddlers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinetmakers, Shoemakers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee, (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

☞We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,

DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9.

## For the Ladies.

ALL the latest and most fashionable styles of SHOES, GAITERS and SLIPPERS, [illegible]

June [illegible] KELLER KURTZ'S.

STACKS OF THEM.—We have just received a splendid assortment of VESTS—such as Black, and Fancy Satins, Cloth, Cassimeres, [illegible] at SAMSON'S.

**Printing of every description.**

Neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.

## DOCTOR JOHN A. SWOPE,

HAVING located permanently in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the public.

☞Office and residence in York Street, opposite the Bank.

April 24. 1y

**Law Partnership.**

THE undersigned have associated themselves as Partners in the practice of the Law. Their Office is in the room long occupied by the senior partner, where one or both of the Firm can at all times be consulted.

☞The business of *Conveyancing*, in all its branches, will be attended to with promptness, neatness and accuracy.

MOSES McCLEAN,

WM. McCLEAN.

Gettysburg, May 1. 3m

## W. A. M'GINLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Square, formerly occupied by D. McConaughy, Esq., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

May 15. tf

## JAMES G. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE late of Hon. D. M. SMYSER, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

April 12. tf

## WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 23. tf

## DAVID WILLS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken Mr. STEVENSON'S Office, North West Corner of Centre Square.

*Reference.*—Hon. T. STEVENS, Lancaster.

Jan. 2. tf

## D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

(Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

**ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR**

***For Pensions and Patents,***

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7. tf

## H. L. FISHER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, YORK, PA.,

WILL continue to practice in the several Courts of Adams county, as heretofore.

June 27. tf

R. HERVEY. J. P. CLARKSON.

**HERVEY & CLARKSON.**

*Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,*

AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

*Office No. 44 Clark street, CHICAGO, Ill.*

COMMISSIONERS for the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan, Wisconsin and Florida. Agents for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, and Conveyancers. Titles examined, and Abstracts prepared with care and promptness. Collections made.

Aug. 15. 1y

## JOHN F. CLARK,

**Agent for Procuring Patents,**

*Corner of E & 8th streets, near the Patent Office*, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Specifications and Drawings prepared. Particular attention paid Rejected Applications.

Nov. 29. tf

## BOUNTY LANDS.

PERSONS entitled to Bounty Lands under the acts of Congress of the United States, can have their claims promptly and efficiently attended to, by application either personally or by letter, to the subscriber, at his office in Gettysburg. Claimants whose applications have been suspended on account of deficiency in proof, may find it to their advantage to call.

☞The fee charged is $3 in each case, payable upon the delivery of the warrant.

The subscriber will also attend to claims for Pensions for Revolutionary or other services, and the location of lands. The sale and purchase of Land Warrants attended to, and the highest cash price paid for the same.

R. G. McCREARY, *Attorney at Law*.

May 17. tf

## REMOVAL.

**J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.**

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite D. Middlecoff's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Dr. C. N. Berluchy, | Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D. |
| " D. Horner, | Prof. M. Jacobs, |
| " H. S. Huber, | " H. L. Baugher, |
| " D. Gilbert, | " H. A. Muhlenberg, |
| Rev. R. Johnston, | " M. L. Stoever. |

April 18. tf

## A STEWARD WANTED

AT PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.

THE present Steward of Pennsylvania College being about to leave, applications will be received by the undersigned from persons desiring the situation. Information in regard thereto can be had of either of the undersigned.

☞Possession will be given on the 1st of April, or sooner if desired.

MOSES McCLEAN,

S. FAHNESTOCK,

H. S. HUBER.

Committee of Board of Trustees.

March 6. tf

GENTLEMEN are invited to call and see a beautiful BEAVER HAT, also Silk, Cuban, Kossuth, Crizer, [illegible] and Panama Hats for summer. W. W. PAXTON.

DRESS GOODS, of every style, De Bage, Berage de Laines, Sloss, Lawns, with [illegible] [illegible] GRAMMER'S New Store. April 3.

GLOVES and STOCKINGS, all sorts and sizes, at SCHICK'S.

A large assortment of very superior Knives and Forks, Pocket and Pen Knives, Razors, Scissors, [illegible] [illegible] at the Store of

May 29. GEORGE ARNOLD.

J. C. CANFIELD. W. B. CANFIELD. J. H. MEREDITH.

**CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,**

*229 Baltimore Street, Corner of Charles,*

WHOLESALE Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in WATCHES, *Jewelry*, Military and Fancy Goods, Silver and Plated Ware, Revolving Pistols, Rifles, Cutlery, &c. &c., have received from all parts of the world, the largest and greatest variety of rich, rare and curious articles ever imported into this city, many of which are truly elegant. We name a few of the leading articles:—*Watches*, of superior quality, from London, Liverpool, Geneva and Copenhagen; *Gold Chains* and Chatelaines, set with diamonds, pearls, rubies, &c.; Paris and Geneva *Jewelry*, of the newest styles—consisting of full suits, and single pieces, of enameled, pearl, rubies, carbuncle, coral, &c.; superb jewelry from Vienna, entirely new; London and American jewelry in great variety; diamond articles, such as bracelets, earrings, broaches, finger rings, scarf pins, studs, &c., some of which are set in pure California gold, and manufactured on our premises by first class workmen; premium Silver Ware; a choice collection of articles, viz.: Pitchers, cake baskets, tea caddies, napkin rings, salt cellars, coffee and tea sets, tea kettles, card stands, ink stands, vases, sugar boxes, dessert knives, spoons and forks, vegetable, salad, asparagus, ice and sugar tongs, cake, pie, ice cream, pudding, fish and butter knives, goblets, cups, tumblers, money boxes, waiters, cracker spoons, oyster ladles, pickle knives and forks, of sterling silver; Sheffield and Birmingham plated goods; albata spoons, forks, ladles, castors, cake baskets, splendid mantel clocks from Paris, bronzes from Paris and Berlin, Dresden China goods, rich and large size vases, Parian marble goods, new patterns, papier mache goods, fancy goods, viz: opera glasses, port folios, writing desks, work boxes, segar cases, snuff boxes, splendid fans, tortoise shell combs, port monnaies, card cases, gold thimbles, tooth picks, solid silver mounted dressing cases, needle cases, bobbin holders, ladies' companions, and an endless variety of articles, which are now opened, and offered at prices which cannot but give entire satisfaction. All articles from our establishment are guaranteed as represented, or the money returned.

CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,

*Sign of the Golden Eagle, Baltimore.*

April 24. 1y

## GREAT ATTRACTIONS!

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS have just received, and are now opening, one of the largest and most complete assortment of

**Spring & Summer Dress Goods**

ever offered to the Public. Our selection having been made with great care, and our stock purchased at reduced prices, we feel prepared to present inducements such as are rarely offered. Our stock of DRY GOODS has never been surpassed, and, with the addition of our last purchase, comprising, as it does, Cloths of all prices and qualities, Cassimeres, Vestings, Kentucky Jeans, Plaids for children, Berage de Laines, Mous de Laines, Berages, Berage Alpacas, Calicoes, Ginghams, Shawls, Cashmere, Thibet & White Crape of every variety. We challenge the County to produce their equal, as regards style, quality and price.

Having added LARGELY to our variety of GROCERIES, we are prepared to furnish the finest qualities of Syrup, Molasses, Sugar, &c. at reduced rates. Our stock of Molasses and Sugar are regarded as the most complete ever offered in the County.

We deem it needless to enumerate, as we have always on hand a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queen-ware, &c. To satisfy you of the truth of our assertion, we only ask you to call and examine for yourself, if you want bargains. Call early at

FAHNESTOCK'S,

April 3. *Sign of the Red Front.*

NEW ARRIVAL, AND

**A GREAT GATHERING!**

ALMOST everybody is attracted to the Store of J. L. SCHICK, in the three-story building, Southwest Corner of the Diamond, to see the large and splendid stock of

**NEW GOODS,**

he has just brought from the Cities, and he is of course making any number of sales. But "the more the merrier," and the busier he is kept the better he likes it.

His assortment embraces LADIES' DRESS GOODS of every description, such as Silks, Barege de Laines, Challi Barege, Lawns, Drap de Beige, Alpaca de Beige, Alpacas, Bombazines, Silk Down, Linen Lustre, Calicoes, Ginghams, Chambra Ginghams; Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins, in every variety; Crape and Cashmere Shawls; Laces, Edgings, Gimps, Dress Trimmings and Buttons, &c.

For the Gentlemen he has Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeret, Italian Cloth, Drap de Ete, Vestings, (a large and beautiful variety,) Collonades, Linen Checks, Grey Linen, (something new and first rate,) Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, &c.

He endeavors at all times to sell cheaper than any other Store in town; and that he succeeds in the endeavor will be proven by giving him a call. "Small profits and quick sales," and no trouble to show goods.

J. L. SCHICK.

April 10. tf

## MORE NEW GOODS.

☞*A SECOND SUPPLY!*

GEORGE ARNOLD has just returned from the City with another supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, among which is

**Ladies' Dress Goods,**

of every variety, very handsome and cheap; Sleeves, Collars, and Cuffs, in great variety, and of the latest styles; white and Fancy Crape and other Shawls; embroidered and plain Linen Handkerchiefs; Ribbons, a beautiful variety; Bonnets, Trimmings, Calicoes, Ginghams, Gloves, Hosiery, Dress Silks, Bonnet Silks and Satins, Edgings, Insertings, &c. &c. with almost every article in the Dry Goods line; also a lot of

**Fresh Groceries,**

all of which will be sold as cheap as they can be had at any other establishment in the place. Call, examine and judge for yourselves.

May 8. tf

## NEW GOODS!

A. ARNOLD has just returned from the City, with the *Largest, Cheapest*, and best selected stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS ever before offered in this Town or County, consisting, in part, of

*German, French and Domestic Cloths,*

Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Satin and other Vestings, Italian Cloths, Tweeds, K. Jeans, Cottonades, Ginghams, Berage de Laines, Mous de Laines, Prints, Ginghams, and a great variety of Goods too numerous to mention; also, a large assortment of BONNETS, Parasols, &c.

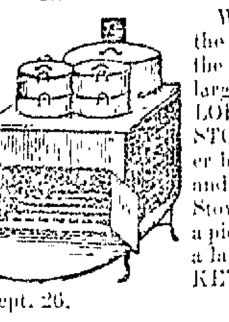
Call and see, as I am determined to undersell any and every establishment in the town or county. [April 3.

MOROCCOS.—Those wishing to select from a large assortment of Maroccos, and Boot Morocco, Pink and Lair Linings of a superior quality and at low prices, should call early at the cheap store of FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 15.

## Stoves! Stoves!

### ANDREW POLLEY



WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as $20 a piece. Also on hand a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 26. tf

**To the Public.**

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention of the Citizens of Adams County, to his extensive stock of

*Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c.—also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,*

which for variety and cheapness, he defies all competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. ☞Call and see, at the South East Corner of Centre Square.

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

## PIG LEAD, PIPE, &c.

ENGLISH and American Pig Lead, Lead, Tin, & Cast Iron Water and Gas Pipes, Block Tin, Scotch Pig Iron, and Metals generally, at lowest rates—for sale by

GEORGE EARP, JR.,

*No. 56, North Wharves, Philadelphia.*

April 24. 1m

WALL PAPER.

**Over 10,000 Piece in Store!**

FROM 6 Cents per piece and upwards, including fine Satins, Gold, Velvets, imitation of Woods, Marbles, &c.

ALSO, a great variety of new styles of Curtain Papers, Fire Board Prints, Borders, &c., all of which will certainly be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and see, at the cheap Book-store of KELLER KURTZ.

June 6. tf

***BALDNESS CURED!***

**Emerson's American Hair Restorative.**

FOR Restoring the Hair on Heads Hopelessly BALD, and to prevent the Hair from falling, is winning golden opinions of persons who are using it. This is a new article, recently introduced, is a sure cure for Baldness, and will stand the test of a discerning Public, as thousands who have used it will testify. See Circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars. Price $1,00 in large Bottles. Sold by

S. H. BUEHLER, *Agent.*

F. W. DYOTT & SONS, Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia.

C. T. FISHER & CO., Proprietors,

57 Superior Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

May 8. 3m

**ENVELOPES,**

**Dye Sinking and Engraving.**

DIES altered, Envelopes stamped with business cards. Homeopathic Envelopes, self-sealed and printed. Paper bags for Grocers and putting up Garden and Flower Seeds, with printed directions, at COLBERT'S Envelope Manufactory and Printing Establishment, 55 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Orders will be delivered by Express, or as per agreement.

Philadelphia, March 6. 6m

**New and Valuable**

## LAW LIBRARY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Purdon's Digest, new edition, from 1700 to 1853, in one volume. Price | | $5 00 |
| Roberts' Digest, | " | 1 50 |
| Binns' Justice, | " | 4 00 |
| Graydon's Forms, | " | 3 50 |

The attention of Attornies, Magistrates, and Citizens is directed to the above valuable series of books. Call and examine at KELLER KURTZ'S Bookstore.

Jan. 23. tf

## LEE & RINGLAND'S

(Late Church, Lee & Ringland's,)

**LUMBER YARD**

AND

**STEAM SAW-MILL,**

ON THE YORK AND CUMBERLAND RAIL-ROAD,

**NEW CUMBERLAND, PA.**

☞A large supply of all kinds of Lumber always on hand, wholesale and retail. Bills sawed to order at the shortest notice.

N. B. Lumber can be delivered by us at any point on the Cumberland Valley Rail Road, Hanover, York, Baltimore, and intermediate places.

May 30. 9m

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS. The gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, direct from the Importers, before purchasing, as I cannot be undersold.

April 3. A. ARNOLD.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.—Ladies who are in want of a splendid assortment of Dress Goods, will find it to their advantage by calling on the undersigned, and examining his goods before purchasing. A. ARNOLD.

FASHIONABLE CRAVATS.—Samson has just received the largest assortment of beautiful CRAVATS, of the latest style—which he will sell cheaper than any other establishment in town. Dec. 5.

TELL your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves, and see the very large and fine assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, that has just been received by

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

GENTLEMEN can be furnished with Drawers, Shirts, Shirt collars, Suspenders, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Socks, Gloves, Umbrellas, Canes, and in fact every thing in the furnishing line at SAMSON'S.

BONNETS & PARASOLS.—I have now on hand a large assortment of Bonnets & Parasols, latest styles, which I have just received, and will sell cheaper than can be had of any establishment in town. Call and see.

April 3. A. ARNOLD.

A Splendid Assortment of BONNETS and BONNET RIBBONS, of a superior quality, to be had cheap at GRAMMER'S new Store. [April 3.

PARASOLS, Umbrellas, and Fans, new styles and cheap, at SCHICK'S.

CARPET BAGS.—You will find a very large assortment of Carpet Bags at SAMSON'S One-price Store. They were bought at Auction, and will be sold cheaper than any other establishment dare to sell them.

CLOCKS & JEWELRY.—You will find the above articles for sale, very cheap at the One-price Store of SAMSON.

HAIR BRAIDS, a desirable article, to be had cheap at SCHICK'S.

QUEENS-WARE. I have just received a large lot of Queens-Ware, which I will sell cheap. Call and see. A. ARNOLD.

**Baltimore & Susquehanna Rail Road.**

CHANGE OF HOURS.—Way Passenger Train leaves Calvert Station at 8.15 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| Arrives at York at | 11 A. M. |
| Accommodation Train leaves Calvert Station at | 4.25 P. M. |
| Arrives at York at | 7.42 P. M. |
| Express Train leaves Calvert Station at | 10 P. M. |
| Arrives at York at | 12.43 P. M. |

RETURNING,

| | |
|---|---|
| Way Passenger Train will leave Harrisburg at | 1.45 P. M. |
| Arriving at York at | 2.45 P. M. |
| Express Train leaves Harrisburg at | 8.45 A. M. |
| Arriving at York at | 9.54 A. M. |
| Accommodation train leaves York | 4.45 A. M. |

A. P. WINCHESTER,

Superintendent of Transportation.

May 15. tf

**The Celebrated Dray Horse,**

## COBHAM,

FROM the imported horse of England.—This noble horse is of the best breed of the powerful English dray horse. He is descended in the third degree only from the noted horse Drayman, admitted by the best judges to have been the finest horse of that species in the British Kingdom.

COBHAM is rising 4 years old; in height stands 17 hands; his color is jet black, and he weighs 1800 pounds. He possesses amazing muscular power, a remarkable good temper, and has proved to be very docile and submissive. This splendid horse is owned by an association of persons who bought him for $1000 from the owner, who raised him in Franklin county, Pa., and is stabled for the season at Joseph Stouffer's, in Franklin township, York county, the first week in April; and the second in Petersburg, York Springs, Adams county; so alternately changing week about during the season. All who are curious to examine the noblest specimen of the heavy draught horse ever exhibited in America, of his age, are invited to call. For further particulars as to pedigree, &c., see handbills.

THE PROPRIETORS.

April 17.

## FITS! FITS! FITS!

THE VEGETABLE EXTRACT

**EPILEPTIC PILLS,**

*For the cure of Fits, Spasms, Cramps, and all Nervous and Constitutional Diseases.*

PERSONS WHO ARE LABORING UNDER this distressing malady, will find the VEGETABLE EPILEPTIC PILLS to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

These pills possess a specific action on the Nervous system; and, although they are prepared especially for the purpose of curing Fits, they will be found of especial benefit for all persons afflicted with weak nerves, or whose nervous system has been prostrated or shattered from any cause whatever. In chronic complaints, or diseases of long standing, superinduced by nervousness, they are exceedingly beneficial.

Price $3 per box, or two boxes for $5. Persons out of the city, enclosing a remittance, will have the Pills sent them through the mail, free of postage. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 BALTIMORE STREET, Baltimore, Md., to whom orders from all parts of the Union, must be addressed, post paid.

May 23. 1y

## 2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

## GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

***AND MACHINE SHOP.***

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air tight, Peakskill, and Cabinet Cook-Stove, and Air-tight and ten plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

**The Seyler Ploughs,**

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other ploughs it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

☞WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodcock Plough, Wind mill machinery, Castings and Hollow ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained here.

☞Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual.

T. WARREN & SON.

Dec. 15.

MORSE'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

**YELLOW DOCK ROOT.**

THIS is a Purely Vegetable Compound, scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz: Regulating and Strengthening the Liver and Digestive Organs, and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels, and thus curing all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part.

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Disease, Cancers, &c.; Regulating the Secretory Organs, and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases; Strengthening and Quieting the Nervous System, thus allaying Nervous Irritation and curing all Diseases of the Nerves, as Hysteria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c.

It is unrivalled in the Cure of all

**FEMALE COMPLAINTS,**

as Weakness, General Debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c., caused by [illegible]; also Lung & Throat Complaints, as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, & [illegible].

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C. MORSE & CO., either ourselves, or in our families, and finding it to be a very safe and effectual preparation, we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

E. Bourne, Esq., Cashier National Bank, Providence, R. I.; A. W. Spencer, Esq., Cashier Lime Rock Bank, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Wm. Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond, C. S. Jones, editor Providence Gen. Adv.; Wm. Field, M. W. G. M.; Cyrus Foster, M. E. H. P.; J. Burchardson, G. S. Dea. [illegible] Bates, Dr. Benj. Coffee, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP of YELLOW DOCK ROOT. I have also seen it administered with the most decided success, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy that class of Diseases for which it is designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION and all its attendant symptoms; it restores to healthy action the LIVER, removes Torpor, and proportions of the Organ, and [illegible] healthy action to all the system. As a DEPURATOR or purifier of the Blood it has no superior. DAVID HOLMES, M. D.

Providence, R. I. Jan 4, 1853.

☞Prepared by C. MORSE & CO., No. 446 Broadway, N. Y., and sold by Druggists and others throughout the United States.

☞For sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

May 30. 1y

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

### Hawaii (Sandwich Islands.)

For the financial years 1842 and 1848 the revenues of this kingdom were $48,842. During the years 1850 and 1851 they reached $315,735. In 1853 the revenue was $326,000. The adoption of the Maine Liquor Law is in agitation in Hawaii, but the Minister of Foreign Relations opposes it as detrimental to the finances of the kingdom. During the year 1853 one hundred and nineteen foreigners were naturalized, fifty-three being Americans; and in the same period 12,011 acres of public lands were sold for $15,065. There are 423 public free schools taught in the Hawaiian tongue by native teachers, 341 being Protestant schools and 79 Catholic. In these schools 12,205 children are taught. The natives are anxious to learn the English language, and those who do not will soon be strangers on their own soil. 14,689 gallons of liquor were drank during the year, and the convictions for crime were 3,173, of which number 1,059 were for drunkenness. 1,954 marriages were licensed during the year. The statistics of the births and deaths for the last three years compare thus:

| | Births. | Deaths. | Decrease. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1851 | 2,424 | 6,792 | 3,368 |
| 1852 | 1,850 | 2,822 | 972 |
| 1853 | 1,513 | 8,026 | 6,513 |

The Legislature met on the 8th of April, the King opening the session with a speech in which he recommends the passage of laws to render vaccination compulsory throughout the islands, and the establishment of a permanent board of Health.—He also recommends the establishment of a mint, savings bank, a loan for the improvement of the harbor of Honolulu, and the organization of a permanent military force.

*The Jews of Palestine—Threatened Famine.*—Recent accounts from the Holy Land represent the condition of the Jews in that country as most lamentable; and there is abundant evidence that these people are suffering great distress from destitution.—Their sufferings have been occasioned partly by the failure of the last harvest, which has raised the price of food to an enormous height, and partly by the present war and political disturbances, and the diminution of the resources for the support of the poor derived from other countries. Sir Moses Montefiore, an eminent Hebrew of London, lately returned from a visit to the Holy Land, has published an appeal in behalf of the sufferers, in which he says:

"I learn that fathers in Israel—men profoundly learned in the law, who, so that they may die near the graves of our forefathers, submit to live in the most abject poverty, are now impelled by the very love they bear their children, to sell them to the stranger, 'so,' to use their own words, 'that their offspring may be spared death—death from starvation.'"

The Hebrews of Jerusalem have also issued an "Appeal to the Congregations of Great Britain and America." The following are extracts:

Brethren of the House of Israel, who sojourn in happy England and America, arouse yourselves and save from annihilation the remnant of the faithful watchers of Zion and Jerusalem.

We lack the power to give even a faint idea of the misery we are enduring; every heart has become sick—every tongue stricken dumb.

Behold, we are utterly prostrated—both in mind and in body, incompetent to proclaim the severity of the visitation that is consuming us.

Starvation and pestilence walk hand in hand, and the wail of the poor, the widow and the orphan, is borne on the air. It is difficult to say whose sufferings are the greater, the miseries of those born under the sun of Judea, or of the holy pilgrims from distant lands. All classes of society, all grades and conditions, have become united in the brotherhood of woe; heads of synagogues and their pious servitors, learned rabbis and their scholars, mix in the crowd to supplicate and beg a mouldy crust. Even that assistance which has hitherto reached us from our brethren in the Russian and Turkish dominions, is now, in consequence of the war, cut off.

*An "Infernal Machine."*—The report of the proceedings of the French Academy of Science contains an account of a new and destructive weapon which has been invented in France. It consists of a long hollow lance, filled with some combustible compound. To this lance is attached a buckler, which protects the head and breast of the soldier from the bullets of the enemy:

"Thus protected, the man may advance to within eight or ten yards of the enemy, and deliver his fire. The fire is communicated to the lance with as great facility as to a gun. It exercises its action directly by fire, properly speaking, and will cover with a sheet of flame a horizontal surface of 10 or 12 yards. The fire tenaciously attaches itself to every object it encounters, burns with rapidity, and gives so powerful a volume of flame that it is as dangerous to the second and third ranks of the enemy as to those in front. Besides this first effect, the lance continues for some time to give an uninterrupted jet of flame, accompanied with a loud whistling noise."

*A Clergyman Arrested on the Charge of Riot.*—On Friday week, in Boston, Rev. Thomas W. Higginson, of Worcester, Massachusetts, was arested on a charge of riot, and was held to bail in $3,000 to answer.

The complaint against Mr. Higginson sets forth that on the 26th ult., "contriving and intending to disturb the peace of said Commonwealth, did, with five hundred or more persons, meet and assemble together, to disturb the peace of said Commonwealth, and being so assembled, did unlawfully, riotously and routously beset and attack the Court House in said city, and did throw stones, bricks, pieces of wood and other missiles at and against the said Court House, and did break the glass in the windows of said Court House, and did force in and break open one of the doors of said Court House; and did then and there unlawfully, riotously and routously fire and discharge sundry firearms loaded with powder and ball, and did utter loud outcries and hurras, and did then and there and thereby draw together a great crowd of persons, to the great terror and disturbance of divers citizens."

*Wise's Balloon Recovered.*—

SOUTHBRIDGE, MASS., June 11.—The balloon of Mr. Wise, which escaped from him on the occasion of his ascent from the Crystal Palace, on Friday last, alighted the same day in Brighton, Conn., in good condition.

### The Missing Steamer—An Affecting Story.

The Jersey Blue has the following affecting story:

During the latter part of our career in the Philadelphia Post-office, we became acquainted, among the mass of human beings whose faces appeared daily at the "General Delivery Window" where we were stationed, with an intelligent, happy looking Englishman, of about forty-five years of age, who came frequently to inquire for letters from home. He was a man of pleasing manners, and evidently had been well educated and accustomed to the refinements and elegancies of really good society. Being a stranger on our shores, he was glad to avail himself of an opportunity of conversing with us, and spoke freely of his past and of his hoped for future. He had come over to Philadelphia, bringing with him a little son, apparently about twelve years of age, to select a residence for the rest of his family which he had left in England, and to make all the arrangements necessary to their comfort when they should arrive. He had accomplished this—had taken and furnished a house in Philadelphia, and was expecting letters from his wife, informing him of her sailing with their other children in the steamer *City of Manchester*.

We handed him a letter—it spoke of her *expectation* to sail in that steamer, and went away with such glad anticipations as might be supposed to fill the heart of a husband and father long absent from the wife and children whom he soon expected to meet and embrace again. A few days passed, and another mail arrived, and with it a letter to our friend from his wife, saying that she had not been able to make her arrangements in time to sail in the Manchester, but that she should certainly sail in the Glasgow. Some time after this, letters came, which she had mailed at the time of embarking in this ship, and now he was unspeakably happy with the almost certainty of seeing his wife and children in a very few days, for the New York mail steamers generally make the passage but a few days sooner than our screw steamers. Soon he, with many others, commenced going down every day to Queen street wharf to look for the incoming steamer.

But who shall speak of the horrors to come? Day after day did he, with the many others on that sad walk, go down to the wharf and strain his visiba to descry among the numerous vessels down the river, the anxiously expected steamer. We saw him when the vessel had been some thirty days out, and were startled at his appearance.—The plump, happy-seeming face of one month before, was haggard as the face of Death, the eyes that so shortly before we had seen dance in the light of inward joy, were blood-shot, wild and glaring upon us with a maniac expression. He walked mopingly away, but his face haunted us still. A few days after this, a steamer arrived bringing the report that a vessel somewhat resembling the Glasgow had been seen off the Bahamas; this report brought him to us again. Oh, how that false hope had brightened his countenance! His eyes had regained their expression of intelligence, and he clung to this baseless hope, as a drowning man to a straw.

We left the Post-office a few days after this. Yesterday we inquired concerning this wretched man, and was told that he had been for some time in the Lunatic Asylum, a *raving maniac*. May God reward him in eternity!

*Impressment of Seamen.*—The British Government has revived a most disgraceful practice—that of forcing seamen who had been taken prisoners of war, to serve in the navy, where they of course are likely to be called upon to fight against their own country. A Russian bark, the Argo, from Matanzas, *bound to an English port*, the master of which unfortunately confided in the generosity of the British Government or was not aware that war had been declared, was captured while going into port. The cargo which was on British account, was released, but the vessel was delivered over to the Prize Commissioners. The captain was set at liberty on parole, and twelve of the crew were drafted on board of her Majesty's ship Crocodile. The barbarous custom of impressing prisoners of war was enforced, it will be recollected, in the last war between England and this country, and many an American was forced at the point of the bayonet to fight against his own countrymen. Its revival is an evidence that, although the principles of humanity may have become more widely prevalent among individuals, *civilized* war has been robbed of none of its barbarous features.—*Boston Journal.*

### Judge Pollock on Nebraska.

While Gov. BIGLER is "mum" on the Nebraska question, although understood to be at heart with Douglass, Pierce & Co., we are happy to observe that Judge POLLOCK, our Gubernatorial candidate, takes his position full and square against the whole scheme. He writes thus to the editor of the *Erie Gazette*:

"The Nebraska bill, in its origin, progress and design, deserves the condemnation of every lover of freedom and his country. A more ill-advised, ill-timed, unnecessary, and reckless measure was never introduced into a deliberative body. A wanton breach of plighted faith and national honor—an undisguised attempt to introduce slavery into territories now free, it deserves all the censure that has been thrown upon it; and must and will be condemned by a free and patriotic people. I never can and never will consent to the extension of Slavery to territories now free. Politicians may pander to that institution—I cannot do it."

BOSTON, June 14.—A boiler exploded yesterday at Stephen Taylor's factory, on Brighton street, by which six persons were badly scalded, two of whom died this morning. The building was considerably shattered.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The steamer Asia sailed for Liverpool at 1 o'clock to-day, taking out 170 passengers and and $768,000 in specie. Among the passengers are Mr. Molyneux, British Consul at Savannah.

*Whiskey in Disguise.*—An inspector of liquors in Tuscarawas, Ohio, who is an eminent German chemist, states that all the liquor sold there for brandy, which he has examined, is nothing but whiskey, containing a few drops to change the color and taste.

☞ One of the German Almanacs remarks that "A young girl is a fishing rod;—the eyes are the hook, the sweet smile is the bait, the lover is the gudgeon, and marriage the butter in which he is fried."

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, June 19, 1854.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK,
Of Northumberland county.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE,
Of Allegheny county.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER,
Of Montgomery county.

### New Stage Line.

We learn that our enterprising citizen JOHN L. TATE & Co., have made arrangements to run a daily line of four horse Coaches direct between Hanover and Emmitsburg—leaving Emmitsburg at 5, A. M., and Hanover at 12, M.

☞ On Tuesday last the Stockholders of the Bank of Gettysburg accepted the new Charter extended to the Bank by the last Legislature.

### Caledonia Springs.

On Thursday last, this delightful retreat was opened for the reception of visitors.—There were probably from 4 to 500 persons present on the occasion. It had been announced that Mr. STEVENS would be present on the occasion, and deliver an Address. He was, however, detained by business, and could not be there. Mr. ROBINSON, and Mr. BARNER, of Chambersburg, made short but appropriate addresses. The dinner was a sumptuous one, got up in very handsome style, and was very pleasantly enjoyed by about 400 individuals. The building is very large, commodious, and beautiful; and the whole arrangement of the concern is such as to satisfy the most fastidious. No one can fail to be pleased, and we predict for it, when generally known and tried, complete success. There are few spots, we think, where a short time could be spent more pleasantly. The pure mountain air and water cannot but invigorate and enliven.

☞ At a meeting of the German Lutheran Synod of Pennsylvania held at Reading last week, Rev. W. JULIUS MANN, of Philadelphia, was elected as the new German Professor in Pennsylvania College and the Theological Seminary in this place.

At this meeting, the following persons were ordained:—Rev. C. Nitterauer; Rev. Wm. Rath; Rev. J. S. Crumbaugh; Rev. Jacob Fry; Rev. B. W. Schmauck; and Rev. A. Ritter.

The following persons were duly licensed to preach the Gospel for one year:—Professor Muhlenberg, of Pennsylvania College, Ernst Luepkert, John W. Kreglow, John W. Hossler, Edward Scharretts.

### Great Fire in York.

On Friday morning last, about one o'clock, a fire broke out in the stable of Daniel B. Weiser, on the alley half way between South George and South Duke streets. It was not checked for two hours, and destroyed the stables of Mr. Weiser, of Benjamin Weiser, sen., Philip Stair, Jacob Cremer, Jacob Quickel's two stables, and his large carpenter shop, with from 20,000 to 25,000 feet of seasoned lumber, Samuel Weiser's stable, and another of Benjamin Weiser, sen. Thomas Baumgardner's large brick stable, the one-story brick house of Mr. Wise, the second story and attic of the neat brick residence of Michael Schall, four one-story frame houses erected by Samuel Weaver, a large barn of Daniel B. Weiser, a one-story house of Mr. Glasser. A horse, two cows, five large hogs, wagons, &c. were consumed, together with some household property.—Most of the property was insured. It was the work of an incendiary.

☞ A disastrous fire occurred at Worcester, Mass., on Wednesday last. The flames devastated over four acres of the city, destroying all the principal manufactories in Union, Exchange, and Cypress streets.—The loss is estimated at half a million of dollars. Nearly 1000 workmen have been thrown out of employment.

☞ A destructive fire took place on the Mill street Long Wharf, in Baltimore, on Thursday morning last. Before the flames could be subdued, nine warehouses were destroyed. Three horses were also burned.

☞ Strawberries are but three cents a basket, and a drug at that, in the City of New York. The markets are filled with fruits, but the presence of the cholera checks the demand, and makes prices cheap.

☞ Twenty-three slaves from Grant county, Ky., made their escape on Tuesday night. They came down the Licking river in disguise, and crossed the Ohio below Cincinnati. They immediately set out for Canada.

☞ The Maine Liquor Law passed both branches of the Legislature of Connecticut on Thursday last. In the Senate the vote was 13 to 1.

*Immense Railroad Earnings.*—We learn officially, that the freight earnings of the Chicago and Galena Railroad, for the month of May, were about $70,000. The passenger earnings were probably about $60,000 more; making $130,000 in all.

### The Rebuke.

Never in the history of this country have our National and State Administrations been so signally, overwhelmingly rebuked by the people, and on their chosen issues.—The cowardly, vacillating and profligate policy of Gov. Bigler was rapidly preparing the way for his overthrow; but with the recklessness of the National Administration in plunging us into the bitterest sectional strife, and trifling with the peace of the Nation, popular forbearance has been overborne, and the recoil has been terrible and complete. Washington, the centre of Administration influence, has spurned the dominant party, and in the face of direct Executive and other official intervention.—It has reversed the complexion of the municipal authorities, and hurled the proud defiance of Freemen into the very temple of Federal power. Philadelphia has spoken in thunder tones in condemnation of our National and State Administrations.—There, as in Washington, every appliance known to the most unscrupulous politicians and office-holders of the Locofoco party, was brought into requisition to *save the Administration from rebuke*, but they have been condemned by a popular majority entirely unprecedented. The overthrow has been almost total—scarcely a Councilman saved to tell that there *was* an Administration party! But October has yet to come—then, gentlemen of the BIGLER Nebraska school, STAND FROM UNDER!—*Repos. of Whig.*

☞ The supposition that the difficulty with Spain is likely to be settled amicably proves fallacious. From the most reliable source, it appears that the Black Warrior affair remains a bone of contention to favor the Administration's ulterior designs upon Cuba. The Executive is feeling the pulses in the Senate and House to see how far Congress can be relied on. Mr. Soule is encouraged in his demands upon Spain, while the latter, sustained by France, refuses all concessions, and is preparing for the emergency.

*Severe Hail Storm.*—On Thursday week a violent hail storm passed over portions of Frederick and Washington counties, Md., doing considerable damage to the crops.—Some of the hailstones, it is stated, measured over six inches in circumference.

☞ Cholera is extending to many towns in the West, especially along the rivers.—It does not prevail anywhere to an alarming degree. Some cases have also occurred at New York and one case at Boston. In the latter city the authorities are taking active measures to have the city thoroughly cleansed of all filth and impurities.

*The City of Glasgow.*—Friday last was the hundredth day since this vessel sailed from Liverpool. As the dates received from Fayal, are down to the 12th May, and nothing had been heard at those islands of the missing ship, the last hope of hearing anything of her in that quarter, has vanished, and the painful conviction is reluctantly forced upon us that the gallant vessel and every soul on board are buried in the deep ocean.

☞ Street preaching is on the increase in Philadelphia. The North American says: "If they would content themselves with 'going into all the highways and byeways' to preach the gospel, we would have no manner of objection, and perhaps some words of commendation. But they will mix religion and politics, dragging the angel's wing in the mire."

*The Cholera.*—During the 12 days ending the 3d inst., there were seven cholera deaths at Memphis, Tenn. At Nashville, the cholera does not appear to be very fatal, the deaths not averaging over three daily. Dr. Hobbs, of Memphis, has addressed a letter to the Mayor of Nashville, stating that by the use of cistern water entirely and exclusively the cholera will disappear and never return. The doctor says that this is known to him by analysis and by an experience of twenty-four years.

*Won't be Turned Out.*—Judge B. B. Meeker, of Minnesota, superseded by President Pierce, has returned to the Territory, and, it is said, avows his purpose to officiate as Judge, assuming that the President had no right to supersede him.

*Smart.*—During the late abolition mob at Boston, a black fellow went among the sympathizers and represented himself to be a fugitive slave, that his master was in search of him, and that he wanted funds in order to escape into Canada. He succeeded in raising a considerable sum of money, but was at last recognized and taken into custody.

☞ The Finances of Spain are in a deplorable condition. Three years since that Government had creditors in England to the extent of seventy millions sterling. Since when, the interest on the debt has been allowed to accumulate without payment. Now it is proposed to raise $12,000,000 additional (or 180,000,000 reals,) at the extraordinary rate of 12 per cent. per annum.

☞ *Peterson's Magazine*, for July, has been received. We always open this periodical with pleasure. Its articles are generally of interest. It is beautifully embellished this month. "The Sea Bathers" is a beautiful mezzotint, and its Fashions are elegantly executed. The price of the Magazine is but $2 a year.

*Appointments for the New Territories.*—It is being said around the Washington hotels that the President has before him upwards of three hundred applications for the offices in the new Territories of Nebraska and Kansas, and more "documents" coming! There are but fourteen offices to be filled, or about twenty-five applicants for each office; thus making the chances equal to the drawing of a small prize in a Perham Gift Lottery. Those especially interested are expecting the appointments to be made some time this week.

*The American Nation.*—The Westminster Review, after comparing the census of Britain and the United States, says the whole civilized world owe respect and gratitude to the United States for what they are doing in education. "As for what the American nation is to become at its present rate of progress, it is really an overwhelming idea. There may be a Democratic Republic of a hundred millions of citizens at the end of this century."

☞ A fatal Epidemic among horses is said to be raging in New Orleans. It is described as being a species of fever, very violent in character, and attacking all the principal vital organs. In some few cases bleeding is said to have proved successful as a remedy, but the loss to stable keepers and others, by the death of horses, is reported to be very large, one person having lost as many as forty.

☞ The Wheat throughout France presents the most luxuriant appearance. In the strong lands, it is fifteen days earlier than in ordinary years, and there is every prospect of a most abundant harvest.

☞ The "Seven Year Locusts" make their periodical visit this season, and already they are beginning to appear in great numbers in and about Rockford, Illinois. In some gardens the ground is literally perforated in all directions with holes about a half-inch in diameter and four inches deep, out of which they crawl in the form of a beetle, cast off their jackets, take wings and fly away.

*A Touching Appeal.*—A Western editor appeals, in the following eloquent language, to the sympathies of his delinquent subscribers:—"We cannot help thinking how much easier an editor's life might be made if his generous patrons could only hear his 'better half' scraping the bottom of the flour barrel! A man that can write editorials with such music sounding in his ears, can easily walk the telegraph wires and turn somersets in the branches of a thorn-bush."

*Second Thoughts Best.*—On Monday morning, a young girl of sixteen, named Ellen Freeman, jumped from the deck of the Lee street bridge, in Boston, into the rapid channel, but being somewhat cooled by the plunge, she clung to a floating log until rescued by the draw tender, who delivered her to the care of her mother.

☞ The "Eastern Shore" of Maryland (says the Philadelphia North American) has within a few years past exhibited a remarkable degree of improvement. Agriculture in all its branches has made rapid progress, and the introduction of new methods of cultivation has worked a surprising change in the health of that region, which was at one time so proverbially bad as to depreciate the property and drive away a large amount of industrious population. The malarious fever has almost entirely disappeared.

☞ Free Schools in Nebraska are great institutions. They are so free that the scholars do as they like, and the male teachers all elope with the female teachers. For a full course of instruction, with four-story trimmings, you must step over to Nebraska.

☞ Wm. E. Roberts, a young man of genteel appearance, from Pennsylvania, has been convicted of arson at New Orleans, in setting fire to his store, the contents of which were appraised at $206, and on which he had an insurance of $4,000. The punishment is imprisonment for life in the penitentiary.

☞ *A Case of Conscience.*—On Wednesday last, the National Fire Insurance Company in New York received, through the medium of a Roman Catholic clergyman, the sum of $2000, from some person unknown, who accuses himself of having defrauded the Company to that amount, and desires to make restitution.

*Man Killed.*—A man was run over by a train of cars on the Portage Railroad on Monday last, between Planes 9 and 10.—He had been in a state of intoxication since about the first of the present month, and on Monday, in consequence of beastly intoxication, fell across the track and laid there until a train passed over him. His legs were both cut off above the knees, causing his death in a few minutes. He leaves a family to mourn his sudden exit into eternity.

*An American Consul Imprisoned.*—Mr. J. L. Nelson, U. S. Consul at Turk's Island, has been arrested for an alleged assault upon one of the magistrates, and was fined $200. He refused to pay the fine, and the authorities put him in prison. Mr. Nelson has written to the Governor an account of the transaction, and if he has been wronged, the latter will, no doubt, see that he is righted.

☞ The cable for the Mediterranean electric telegraph has just been completed in England. It is 110 miles in length, and weighs about 800 tons.

### Street Preaching in New York.

Sunday week passed off in New York city without any disturbance. The "Angel Gabriel" preached in the Park, and no attempt was made to incite a riot, except by Gabriel himself, whose language was anything but that which should be used by a preacher of the gospel. Mrs. Bishop, an elderly woman, also held forth on the Hall steps, and was listened to attentively. Her discourse was mild and scriptural. Another preacher, a man, whose name we did not learn, also preached on the Hall steps, and was not molested. Gabriel, after leaving the Park, was followed by over a thousand persons, and it was said that he and his followers went to Brooklyn. Gabriel had his trumpet with him as usual, and sounded it to the amusement of the boys. This eccentric being is a Scotchman. Mr. Parker preached in the square, head of East Broadway, and no disturbance occurred in this vicinity.

*Inauguration of Mayor Conrad.*

PHILADELPHIA, June 13th.—An immense crowd assembled in Independence Square to-day to witness the inauguration of Mayor Conrad. The oath was administered by Judge Thompson, and repeated with unlifted hand by Mr. Conrad. While in the midst of his inaugural address a tremendous shower came up, which drove the people into the vestibule, where the Mayor finished his address. He said that while grateful to his friends for their services in the campaign, they would not be wholly considered in applications for office. He said emphatically that none but native born Americans, sober and capable men, should be appointed to the police department, and promised to enforce the Sabbath law by shutting up the taverns on that day. These pledges were received with tremendous applause, and a salute fired from the Square.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The Senate in executive session to-day, confirmed the commercial treaties with Uruguay and the Argentine confederations.

The Government, I learn, has received despatches from Commodore Perry, fully confirming the statement that he has succeeded in satisfactorily opening commercial intercourse between the United States and Japan.

A new and important feature seems to have been discovered with reference to the Nebraska Kansas bill, which leaves in existence an old law of 1834 that to all intents and purposes excludes foreigners from those territories, except by passports from the Secretary of War. This discovery was made by Mr. Benton, and has produced much excitement. It, in other words, almost restores the principle of the Clayton amendment.

A bill to amend and obviate this difficulty will probably be introduced during the present week. It is therefore anticipated that the old excitement on this vexed question will be renewed.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—As an illustration of the bitterness engendered in the recent municipal election, it may be mentioned that efforts will be made to transfer the appointing power of the minor municipal officers from the Mayor to the President. A bill for that purpose will probably come before Congress in a few days. That it will pass is doubtful, although the disappointed will try to urge it through.

*Decline in the Price of Beef.*—It will be good news to the housekeepers to learn that the price of beef, which has lately commanded such extortionate figures, is on the decline. At the Baltimore scales on Monday, prices gave way full 50 cents on the 100 lbs, while in New York, on the same day, there was a decline of from $1 50 to $2 per hundred. In the latter market there was a marked increase in the supply of beef cattle.

*Cholera and Small Pox.*—A large number of cases of cholera and small pox, it is said, are now at Staten Island, N. York, among the emigrants there, and permission has been obtained from the Collector of the port to use two large government warehouses for the accommodation of the patients. In view of the fact that the cholera has also appeared in the very heart of the city of New York, the Evening Post calls upon the authorities to lose no time in cleansing the streets and alleys.

*Princeton (N. J.) College.*—At the ensuing commencement of Princeton College, on the last Wednesday of the present month, efforts will be made to re-assemble the various classes which have graduated within the last few years, in order that they may contribute to the proposed fund of $100,000 for the endowment of the College. Part of this endowment is to be distributed into scholarships of one thousand dollars.

*Valley Bank.*—The whole of the capital stock of this bank, to be established at Hagerstown, Md, has been subscribed. The capital stock authorized by the charter is $100,000, $95,000 of which could alone be be subscribed, the State having reserved the right of taking $5,000. One-fourth of the amount has been paid in, and deposited in gold, in the Hagerstown Bank. The largest amount was subscribed by Shoup & Co., of Dayton, Ohio.

☞ The cities of Cleveland and Ohio city are annexed, and now form the city of Cleveland. The commissioners on annexation appointed by the two cities, unanimously ratified the agreement.

### Late Foreign Intelligence.

The news from Liverpool to the 31st ultimo, brought by the steamer Pacific, is thus epitomized in the Philadelphia North American:

Sir Charles Napier's fleet bombarded Gustasvarnes on the 22d without effect and another attack was intended on the 29th. The same fleet has also bombarded and destroyed the advanced works of Hongo on the Baltic. The main fortifications were shortly to be attacked. Sebastopol was still blockaded by the allied fleets, and Sillistria held out against the siege of the Russians, who have been driven back four times with loss. It is reported that King Otho has accepted the ultimatum of the allies. Naples declared its neutrality, and the adhesion of the German Powers to the Austro-Prussian treaty has been secured. Russia has concluded a treaty with Kliva. Notwithstanding the blockade of Sebastopol, a Russian frigate made her way out of the harbor, and captured a British merchantman. Being discovered, she cut her prize adrift, and made her way back safely.

### The News from Europe.

The news by the Arabia does not bring any thing decisive from the Danube, though it is probable that we shall soon hear something decisive from that quarter. The Russians have been concentrating their forces upon Silistria, and that place was in great danger of falling into their hands, if it has not already done so. Omar Pasha with 90,000 men has gone to its relief, so that a general encounter of the two opposing armies cannot be much longer delayed. If the garrison still holds out, with such assistance as now promised it, Paskiewitch will find it as great a stumbling-block to his advance, as it was to the Russian army in 1849. His skill will probably be shown in manœuvring Omar out of the way, and taking advantage of the blunders of the Turks, so very common in their encounter with the Russians, to fall upon them with terrible effect, as they have often done before. Unless the Russian General uses despatch, the allied troops will soon be with the Turks, and then the prospects of the Russians advancing any further will be postponed indefinitely.

*Later from Mexico—Santa Anna about to declare Himself Emperor.*

NEW ORLEANS, June 12.—The steamer Orizaba arrived here to-day from Vera Cruz with dates from the City of Mexico to the 5th instant. It was rumored that the Gadsden Treaty had not been accepted, but returned by Santa Ana to the Government at Washington, with amendments.

Great preparations were making to celebrate Santa Anna's birth day on the 13th instant, when, it was currently reported, he would declare himself Emperor.

The Indians in Texas and New Mexico, seem to be making a general war upon the white settlements, killing and scalping all that they can find, without regard to age or sex. In our last paper we gave some details of the operations against them; and we now have to add that a band of about 500 Indians, under the noted Chief, "Wild Cat," have, within 30 miles of Victoria, Texas, attacked an escort of 25 U. S. troops and killed all but two of them; they then attacked the travelers and citizens, and killed 30 Mexicans and six Americans. A strong detachment of troops was hastening to the scene of action; and the result would be as it always has been heretofore, that the Indians will be destroyed or driven from the country.

☞ Major Wise, who was lately tried by a court martial, in New York, for disobedience of order, in refusing to embark with his command on board of the Fulton steamer, for California, on the ground of her unseaworthiness, was found guilty, and sentenced to be suspended from his rank and pay for six months, but was recommended to the mercy of the President. The President, however, has approved the sentence.

*Emigrants for the West.*—The Chicago correspondent of the New York Evening Post, in a letter dated June 5th, states that a few days previous "a company of six hundred Ohio emigrants started for Nebraska. There is considerable of a title setting that way from this quarter. Most of the parties now going out are preliminary surveying parties, but they will be followed by an unprecedented flow of emigration as soon as there can be any titles secured to the lands."

Last week seven hundred Germans passed through Cincinnati for Oregon, and seven hundred and thirty for Nebraska. Minnesota is filling up with unparalleled rapidity. The roads leading to it through Iowa and Wisconsin, it is said, are literally crowded with teams and stock belonging to immigrants.

*Loss of over Seven Hundred Lives.*—The Peruvian transport Mercedes, bound from Casma to Callao, with about eight hundred troops on board, struck upon a rock near the mouth of Casmas harbor, on the morning of the 1st ult. The Mercedes was accompanied by the government steamer Riman, the officers of which rendered every possible assistance, but without effect. The Mercedes went down soon after she struck, carrying with her *seven hundred and thirty-one persons!*

☞ The Tunkers, a German sect, held their annual meeting near Ashland, Ohio, from the 1st to the 4th inst. About 10,000 were present on the 4th.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

## The Doctrine Boldly Avowed.

That Gov. Bigler and the Canal Board have always been adverse to the sale of our public works, we have not for a moment doubted. The charge has been made time and again by the Whig press, by some of the Democratic presses, and by Whigs and Democratic members of the Legislature.

The people are now no longer left in doubt as to what Bigler's views are on this subject. His organ *per se*, the Pittsburg *Union*, comes out in a bold avowal of the doctrine held by it; and, as it has been Bigler's right-hand man, in all the controversies between his Excellency and those who opposed his nomination, we presume it speaks by the book. The following paragraph occurs in an article in the *Union* of May 25th, headed "Canal Board Vindicated."—The Italics and caps are ours:

"We have hitherto opposed the sale of the Main line for reasons already assigned, and *we are just as much pleased that the sale is to be defeated for want of bidders as we would have been to have seen the bill for the sale defeated for the want of voters.* What shall be done with the work? Simply what every prudent man does with his property, when he cannot dispose of it for what it is worth. Let the Portage road be completed, *and let the State construct a railroad East and West of the mountains along the entire line of canal from the Susquehanna to the Allegheny.* Michigan has two railroads hardly thirty miles apart, terminating at the same point, and it will take no great labor to demonstrate that two lines can be well sustained through the centre of Pennsylvania. There will be business enough for all. The hard work is completed. The course of the canal will furnish a location for a track of easy grade, and the whole work can be completed at a small additional expense. *The State is already involved to a large extent for public improvements.*—WE PROPOSE TO GO A LITTLE FURTHER, and teach those who denounce the "stupid old Commonwealth" that she knows the value of her resources."

Here then we have the *Union*, and through it, Governor Bigler and the Canal Board, chuckling over what they think is a defeat of an important measure, and *one* which is now demanded by at least *four fifths* of the tax payers of Pennsylvania, without distinction of party.—*Daily News.*

## Organize! Organize! Organize!

We think it is time for the Whigs of Pennsylvania to organize and open the campaign with spirit and vigor. In a little over a month from this time our gallant leader will enter the field in person, visit the various counties in the State, and meet with and talk to the people. In the meantime, our friends should engage in the preparatory work of ORGANIZING their respective towns, counties and districts, so that when the time for decisive action arrives, they will be ready to go to work vigorously. Now is the time to begin! To reap a good political crop next Autumn, the seed cannot be sown too soon. With unanimity of feeling and concentration of effort on the part of all the opponents of the present imbecile and corrupt administration, Pollock can be triumphantly elected. Throw off your coats, then, and go to work in earnest. Perfect an ORGANIZATION that will reach every township, and tell with effect upon every man in the Whig ranks. Hold meetings, talk, write, agitate, and circulate Whig documents extensively among the people, in order that they may be thoroughly "booked up" on all the great questions at issue between the parties. We have a noble leader who, if properly seconded by the Whigs of the State, will carry our time-honored flag in triumph through the contest. ORGANIZE at once, and with the battle cry of POLLOCK AND VICTORY, prepare to follow your gallant leader into the thickest of the fight, and with him return from the scene of conflict with "brows bound with victorious wreaths."—*Telegraph.*

*Freaks of Lightning.*—On Monday evening week, during the thunder shower, the house of H. Ellis, in Roxborough, Twenty-first Ward, was struck by lightning, the fluid descended the chimney, the house being one of a block of three, protected at the end opposite to Mr. Ellis, by a lightning conductor. It came down the chimney into the library, scattering the books in every direction, and driving the plaster from one side of the room into the hard wall, on the opposite side. It entered a large chest of clothing and silver ware, the lid of which was screwed down, bursted the chest open in the centre, and knocked one end completely out of it. It descended into the closet, scattered and broke the crockery, tore the closed door off its hinges, and piled many of the utensils in the centre of the room. A tin pepper box was shown to us, which had a small hole near the bottom, perforated as if by a buck shot, through which the lightning passed, melted the solder from the lid, and passed out at the top, throwing the lid into the centre of the room. The house had fourteen occupants in it, and not one of them was injured, and the children were not even awakened by the explosion. The sleeping room of Mr. Ellis was so filled with dust, and the smell of sulphur, that he was nearly suffocated before he could open the doors. The damage to the dwelling was small.—*Phila. Ledger.*

*Mr. Wise's Balloon Ascension.*—We stated that Mr. Wise made a balloon ascension from the New York Crystal Palace on Friday week, and had met with an accident. Mr. W. has himself furnished the following account of it:

"When I got below the clouds again, I saw Flushing a little eastward. The descent now became rapid, and the strong wind below admonished me of a rough landing. In another moment my grapple took effect. The jar broke some of the rigging, the grapple ripped up the sod, and the balloon bounded several hundred yards. Next the car was dashed forcibly into a ravine and bolted me out. I held on to the outside. The ballast being thrown out, gave the balloon increased power. She rose to the length of the rope, while I was hanging fast to the car. In a moment the grapple again ripped up the sod, and seeing my predicament—that of being hauled up, with a moral certainty that I could not secure myself to the car long—I made the fearful plunge of at least forty feet, into the salt meadow below, knocking out one of my teeth and slightly bruising my jaw."

The balloon was recovered at Eastford Corners, Conn.

☞The Boston military, who guarded Burns, have contributed money to purchase his freedom.

## War in Europe.

When will the present European war end? or can the Emperor of Russia be brought to terms, if he is disposed to be obstinate? These, says the New York *Democrat*, are getting to be the current queries. Suppose the English and French should take Sebastopol and Cronstadt, and demolish and raze to its foundations the city of St. Petersburg itself, and even succeed in penetrating into the interior as far as Novogoord and Moscow, would the Czar be unable to fight longer, if he was so disposed? Evidently not. Russia, like Arabia, is unconquerable. Nature has provided it with an ample and sufficient defence in the shape of climate. The man who burnt Moscow in 1812, taught the Russians a system of tactics that will always enable them to foil and destroy the greatest invading army that can be sent against them. They have only to draw their enemies into one of their vast circles of cold and starvation, and their fate is sealed. It is certain that the Czar can exhaust the patience and resources even of England and France, if he is disposed to be contumacious. Nothing but his death, by assassination or otherwise, could, in that case, bring the conflict to an end. Many theologians believe that the present war will operate the fulfillment of the scriptural prophecies relating to Palestine and the Jewish race.

*Daring Outrage in Philadelphia.*—We stated a few days ago that two men named Chadwick and Deschamp, convicted in Philadelphia of conspiracy to commit fornication with Miss Harriet Sowers, had applied for a new trial on the ground that the female had come forward and stated that she had committed perjury on the trial. The case came up for examination before the Court of Sessions on Monday, and as officer Mann, with Miss Sowers, was entering the court room, he was attacked by about a dozen persons, one a female, in disguise, who attempted a rescue. He knocked down two or three of them, and was in turn knocked down himself and severely beaten. Several officers soon came to the rescue, and Miss Sowers, who had fainted during the fight, was carried into the court house.—The affair was immediately brought to the attention of the Court, which resulted in the mother and brother of the girl being committed to answer the charge of attempting a rescue. The chief of police was then directed to use every means to arrest all others concerned in the outrage, and the examination of Miss S. was proceeded with. She stated frankly that she had sworn falsely against the defendants—that she had been induced to do so by other parties, who had not only conspired to extort money from the two men, but that they had resorted to means to entrap another girl in the affair, and thus blacken her character.—The court, on hearing this testimony, promptly granted the defendants another trial.

*Another Death from Hydrophobia.*—John Welsh, an industrious mechanic of Covington, Ky., died of hydrophobia on the 7th inst., having been bitten by a dog six weeks previous. The wound, it appears, healed up; but on Tuesday last he was taken unwell, and on the next morning the symptoms of hydrophobia were so strongly developed that it became necessary to bind his hands and feet. The Cincinnati Enquirer says:

In the meantime two physicians had been called in, but it appears they did not agree in prescribing, and the man becoming calm about this time, his hands were untied by a friend, when, conscious of his dreadful situation, he prayed fervently. His wife entering the room, he invited her to approach him and shake hands; but she, terrified, hesitated, when the poor unfortunate, burying his face in his hands, burst into tears, and piteously exclaimed, "Alas! such is the way with those most dear, when about to part forever." In a short time after, he was again taken with spasms more violent than ever, and it was deemed absolutely necessary to administer chloroform. This calmed him, and he slept, but about 2 o'clock he again awoke, and in about twenty minutes afterwards breathed his last. A wife and three children are left behind to mourn this untimely fate.

*Liberty of Conscience.*—The principle of liberty of conscience that the Constitution of the United States guarantees to all sects, has just been again defeated in the British Parliament, which has decided that Hebrews shall not hold a seat in that body, unless they subscribe upon the "true faith of a christian," in taking the members' oath. Lord John Russell endeavored to have this civil disability removed from the Hebrews, but a majority in the House of four only defeated the measure. England, while forcing the Sultan of Turkey to extend a civil equality to his Christian subjects, denies it to a portion of her own population.

*Singular Case of Death.*—Mr. Edward Knight, an Englishman, passenger on the Herculaneum, which was run into by the steamer Sicily, off Nice, and sunk, who was rescued, has since died at Geneva, of gangrene, resulting from the bite of his wife. During their last struggles for their life in the sea, Mr. K. proposed to save the children, as he could not save both them and her, but she clinched, and so went down with them in the desperation of the moment biting off one of his fingers.

*American Israelites.*—A statement is going the rounds of the press to the effect that there are about 17,000 Israelites in the United States, and among them all that not one is engaged in agriculture. This statement, it is hardly necessary to say, is incorrect. One of the largest planters in Kentucky, Mr. Benjamin Gratz, an old personal friend of the late Henry Clay, is an Israelite, while in South Carolina and Georgia, and other States, there are many of that ancient faith extensively engaged in agriculture.

*Camphene Lamps.*—The injunction never to fill a fluid lamp when lighted, or when there is a light in the room, should be dinned into the ears of all persons who use camphene or burning fluid, until the habit becomes a second nature. If this rule was followed, nine out of ten of the camphene accidents would be avoided.

☞A United States Mint has been completed in San Francisco, and is probably (ere this time) in active operation, coining down daily vast treasures of golden ore. It was intended that it should be prepared to coin thirty millions of dollars yearly.

## Opening of the Ports of Japan.

The advices from Japan confirm the intelligence of the success of Commodore Perry. The correspondent of the London times, writing from Hong Kong on the 12th of April, gives the following particulars of Commodore Perry's mission to Jeddo:

The most prominent and interesting intelligence we have to communicate by this mail is the authentic accounts *of the successful negotiations of His Excellency Commodore Perry, of the United States Navy, in Japan;* and there is great reason to believe that we may shortly have particulars of the treaty and the ports to be opened, as, on the 27th of March, Commodore Perry was to have a grand meeting near Jeddo with the Princes and Ministers of the Emperor, appointed, it is said, for the consideration and conclusion, and most probably the ratification, of the treaty. From all we learn, there can be no doubt that Japan will be opened to all nations, and each have the faculty of making a treaty. The United States ship Saratoga was to be despatched soon after the 27th for Panama, to convey the important news to Washington.

The ports selected are said to be Ozaka, in 34 deg. 45 min. north latitude, and 135 deg. 25 min. longitude, and Natsmai, in the Straits of Sangan.

The French force now in the Baltic consists of eight ships of the line, and eight other ships are daily expected to join, which will make the force of the French fleet in the Baltic 1,200 guns and 11,100 men.

## The Eastern War.

The New York Commercial inclines to the opinion that the preparations for war, and the declaration of war, with the sending of armies and fleets to the East by France and England, were principally designed to *intimidate the Czar into terms,* and were expected to have that effect; and having failed to do that, those powers are now at a loss how to act. On any other supposition we are unable to explain the course events have taken since the war was declared.—The troops are on the spot; the fleets command the seas; and what they could do, were the admirals disposed, was shown in the affair at Odessa—which the reader should bear in mind, was an act of reprisal not of war. Yet neither troops nor fleets do anything, the affair at Libau being altogether small. The enemy is not attacked, either by land or sea. And why? Certainly not because they *dare not* attack him, but their orders are not to do it. Why then were they sent there? If simply to *protect* Turkey from aggression, what necessity for a declaration of war? Or at most anything beyond a declaration resting on the contingency of such aggression?

## Poland.

Meetings are being held in England, for the purpose of petitioning Parliament that direct assistance be afforded to the Polish nation for the purpose of re-establishing its national existence, and that the present war shall not be terminated without having for one of its objects the security that Poland shall be re-constituted an independent nation.

A mass meeting was called for the 28th ult., at Sheffield, for the above purpose, and a general attendance of the Polish exiles and Polish sympathizers was anticipated, as the meeting would be addressed by Kossuth and other popular orators.

*Romance of Life.*—The Baton Rouge Advocate brings to light the following romantic change of fortune in a life of a widow of that burg:—"Years ago there lived in our city a family by the name of ———, consisting of husband, wife, and several children. The husband left home one day to go on a distant journey. He did not return at the appointed time—years elapsed and still no tidings came of the absent husband and father. Fourteen years passed away and the woman married again. Her second husband died, and she was again left in destitution and misery, and dependent upon the corporation for support.—About a year since she left Baton Rouge for Lake Providence, where she now resides. A few days since, the brother of her first husband came to search her out, with the agreeable intelligence that she was a rich widow. Her first husband was killed in Texas, and is the lawful heir of a property worth $30,000."

*Narrow Escape.*—Three negroes, who had been sentenced to be hung at Northumberland, C. H., Va., came very near being executed last Friday. Governor Johnson had sent a messenger with a reprieve, two weeks before the time, but from a succession of obstacles arising, he only reached the spot one hour and a half before the time fixed for the execution. The gallows was erected, the shrouds prepared, and the graves of the culprits dug in full view of their cell, so that they must have tasted, in a great degree, the bitterness of death.

*A Little Boy with Delirium Tremens.*—A man named Eyler, near Winchester, Ill., has a son only *five years old, who is a confirmed drunkard!* The Bulletin says that on the 28th ult., this father, who had been fishing, gave the child the bottle of whisky to carry; he drank too much, and was taken very sick, then with a twitching in one arm and side, which was soon followed by *delirium tremens*, that lasted for twelve hours. It was a heart-breaking thing to see the little fellow jumping from the snakes he thought he saw.—*Dayton Old Empire.*

*Royalty in Silks.*—In an action recently tried by the Court of Common Pleas, in London, England, it transpired that there is a custom in the silk trade of what is called "dogging," which means that the outer folds of pieces of silk are frequently made of a better quality of silk than the interior. After this piece of royalty given to this mode of imposture, the fair sex will do well not only to turn everything upside down as has ... their customary ... shopping, but also turn everything inside out.

*Condition of Mexico.*—The New Orleans Picayune, perhaps the best informed newspaper in the country in regard to Mexican affairs, says that the revolutionary movements in that country are assuming an important aspect, and that every steamer hereafter may be looked for with new interest.

☞A hundred or more Scotch Girls recently arrived have gone to work in the Hoosicke, Mass., mills. They are said to be Scotch girls, well bred, and considered as belonging to the best class of factory operatives. They are industrious, thrifty and economical. They are the veritable Yankees of Britain.

## The Nebraska Demonstration.

The Nebraska men in Warren, Trumbull county, Ohio, undertook to fire a salute in honor of the passage of the bill, on Tuesday last; but they had hardly commenced when every bell in town was manned, and such a dreadful tolling as was kept up between the salutes was never before heard in that vicinity. Another attempt was made at nine o'clock, and almost instantly the bells rung out a mournful dirge. At noon the Nebraskans again rallied with no better success. After supper, the shooting was undertaken once more; but by this time the Warren Band had mounted to the cupola of a church, and between the pauses of the firing, played the Dead March in Saul, the bells all the time tolling a solemn knell.

*Street Preaching and Rioting.*

NEW YORK, June 12.—There was street preaching again at Brooklyn yesterday and several riots. The Mayor had previously anticipated some difficulty, and was prepared with a strong police force, aided by six companies of military. All passed off quietly until towards evening, when some disturbance was raised, and fighting ensued. Two persons were slightly wounded from the shooting, and a few others injured by being hit with stones, bricks, &c. Several of the belligerent parties were arrested and imprisoned or held to bail for further investigation. A strict watch was kept during the night, and no further outbreaks occurred.

*Amusements of the Abolitionists.*

SPRINGFIELD, June 11.—Messrs. Pearce, Douglas, Hallett and Loring were hung in effigy at Westfield, Mass., yesterday. The bells of the village were tolled for an hour in the forenoon, and in the afternoon a public burial of the effigies was had, with the exception of that of Douglas, which was early clubbed down and burned at a stake. A long tailed rat, labelled "The Last of the Old Hunkers," bore the effigies company during their suspension.

*Great Crow Hunt in Tennessee.*—The citizens of Bedford county, Tennessee, finding themselves grievously afflicted with crows, held a meeting and fixed upon a great "crow hunt." The plan adopted was that any person wishing to enter the hunt could do so by paying one dollar or more. The time for the hunt was to be from the first Monday in December to the last Saturday in March. And the fund raised as above was to be proportioned to the person producing the largest number of scalps—upper bill for scalp—one fifth of the whole fund paid in: to the person producing the next highest number, one-sixth of the remainder; to the next highest, one-seventh, &c. 15,561 scalps were taken, and $288 dollars awarded. The largest number taken by one man was by G. J. Sheiver, who killed 4,421, and received $93.

*Large Sales of Mules and Cattle.*—A few days ago, 2000 head of mules and 1500 head of cattle were offered for sale in Bourbon county, Ky. Cattle went off brisk at increased prices, while mules were somewhat cheaper. A private sale of a lot of two years old mules was made at $150 per head; others sold at auction for $120, $100 and $75; yearlings at $80, $70, $60; sucklings privately at $65, $60, $40. Stock cattle went at $45, $40, $35, $15.

*Cattle Feeders in Ohio.*—The Sciota Gazette gives a list of 64 cattle feeders in Ross county, who, it says, will average 100 cattle apiece to the season, and some so far exceed that, that the number annually fatted in that county may be safely set down at 7,000. At present prices, they will average $50 apiece, making the good sum of $350,000 annually for the cattle sent from that county.

☞A miner in California, that puts up at a "first class hotel" near McCulloch's Gulch, in writing home, says they mix their buckwheat cakes in a wash-tub, and turn them when baking, with a garden-spade. This certainly smacks of progress.

*Novel Balloon Ascension.*—A man named Marion made a balloon ascension on Monday evening, about eight o'clock, in West Philadelphia, with his head downwards, his legs having been fastened to a rope attached to the basket suspended from the balloon. The balloon, it is stated, was about two-thirds inflated, and its ascent was quite slow, and it did not reach an elevation of more than three or four hundred yards.—Marion remained suspended beneath the basket five minutes, when he pulled himself up and took a seat in the basket. The balloon descended at about three quarters of a mile from the point of starting. Such hazardous feats can certainly do no good.

*A Pretty Little Crowd.*—Mr. Frederick Kemball, from the neighborhood of Rumney, Harrison county, Ohio, arrived in Steubenville last Wednesday week, by railway, with his wife and nineteen children—twenty-one in all. It is said that he owns enough land in that State to give each of his family one hundred and sixty acres, and yet in a "office" for himself.

*The Russians in the Pacific.*—The Valparaiso Herald, under the date of March 16th, reports the Russian frigate Diana, 50 guns, as being in that port, and the Aurora of the same class, as daily expected there. The Russian transport Sitka, of seven hundred tons, and mounting twelve guns, had previously left Valparaiso for Russian America. From these preparations it is evident that the Russian colonies on the north-west coast of this continent are not to be left in so exposed and defenceless a condition as has been suspected.

*Conflict of Authority.*—At Milwaukie, on the 6th instant, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin declared the Fugitive law unconstitutional. The case was an application for a writ of habeas corpus to release one of the persons (the Editor of the Free Democrat) charged with participating in the rescue of a fugitive, not long since. The United States Marshal, it is said, will not obey the order of the Judge. It will be seen shortly whether the Judge or the United States Government must yield.

*A Good Excuse.*—A gentleman by the name of Slaughter, living near Montgomery, Ala., being subpœnaed as a witness in a case pending in the Circuit Court, and being about to marry a Miss Lamb, writes to the Court that he cannot attend as a witness at his court, as he expects to *Slaughter a Lamb* next Sunday."

COMMUNICATED.

## THE FREE SCHOOL SYSTEM.

The undersigned, having declined participating in the election of a County Superintendent of our Free Schools, and having since resigned the office of Director, to which he was elected without his knowledge, and the duties of which he has endeavored faithfully to perform for nearly two years: deems it due to himself and his friends throughout the County, to say a few words on the important subject of the Free School system itself. It is an established principle, to be disputed by no one acquainted with the instructions of history, or familiar with the structure of our Government, that *virtue, intelligence and industry,* are the three grand pillars, by which alone the fabric of our republican institutions can be permanently sustained. Monarchies and aristocracies may be administered with superior facility over a people ignorant of the rights of man, and of the greater privileges of more favored nations around them: but in republics, love of the great principles of human liberty, and of just laws based on them, is essential to the permanence of Government. MONTESQUIEU has therefore justly observed; *"It is in a republican government, that the whole power of education is required."*

Entertaining these views, the undersigned has been an original and unwavering advocate of the Free School system: fully assured that it is the only efficient means for diffusing education and intelligence among the popular masses: and believing it just, that the rich should be taxed for the education of the poor: since that education, by augmenting their means of making an honest living, adds to the security of all, both in person and property. But religious and political liberty are most intimately connected: and one result of the former is, that men freely express those diversities of religious opinion, which, in despotic governments, are, like their political aspirations, cherished in secret. Ministers of the gospel will, from their professional habits, naturally feel more inclined to inculcate their detailed and therefore sometimes peculiar religious views, than laymen. Hence, should they even conscientiously avoid doing so in the schools, as I doubt not many have done: they will still be suspected by some. In order, then, to make our public schools as acceptable as possible to all, the undersigned believes it best that no minister of any denomination should be County Superintendent, and by parity of reasoning, also not a Director. Let intelligent laymen of good moral and religious character be elected as Superintendents, directors and teachers. Let the New Testament, *without note or comment,* which all christians profess to receive, be daily read in the schools, and no one can urge any well-founded objection to the system.

The *religious* element is indeed essential to a good education: since genuine virtue, which is another pillar of our republican edifice, can only be the product of genuine religion. But where can genuine religion be learned in greater, and purity more free from sectarian bias, than in the New Testament itself? The great duties of christian morality, will be inculcated by every well qualified teacher; and for specific instruction in christian doctrines and duties, the different churches must provide in the pulpit, the catechetical instructions, and in the teaching of the family and Sabbath school. Thus administered we may hope to see the whole community with one accord stand up in defence of our noble system of free schools: which, making no difference between the rich and the poor, nor between any religious denominations, or national descent, scatters the blessings of a good elementary education indiscriminately over all the rising generation. Thus also, will all our children be trained up an intelligent, virtuous and homogeneous people, capable of self government, and afford us the best assurance for the perpetuity of our free and happy civil institutions, by which our religious liberties will likewise be fully secured.

The recent steps of the undersigned, have therefore resulted not from any indisposition to labor for the public good: but from love of our free school system, and an increasing conviction of the importance of the above views: so that our schools may be kept perfectly free even from any reasonable suspicion of sectarian character. S. S. SCHMUCKER.

☞An Australian, from the number of murders committed in that auriferous region, thinks Melbourne is the place Shakspeare speaks of when he says, "that bourne from whence no traveler returns."

## The Markets.

*BALTIMORE—Friday last.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour, | $8 37 to 8 50 |
| Wheat, | 1 90 to 1 98 |
| Rye, | 1 10 to 1 12 |
| Corn, | 75 to 81 |
| Oats, | 61 to 62 |
| Cloverseed, | 4 62 to 4 75 |
| Timothy seed, | 2 87 to 3 12 |
| Flaxseed, | 1 37 to 1 40 |
| Beef Cattle, | 8 00 to 9 75 |

*YORK—Friday last.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour per bbl. from stores, | $9 25 |
| Do. " from wagons, | 8 87 |
| Wheat per bushel, | 2 00 to 2 10 |
| Rye, " | 1 00 |
| Corn, " | 70 |
| Oats, " | 55 |
| Flax Seed, " | 1 50 |
| Plaster Paris, per ton, | 7 50 |

*HANOVER—Thursday last.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour, from Wagons, | $8 00 |
| Do. Retail, | 9 00 |
| Wheat per bushel, | 1 85 to 1 95 |
| Rye, | 1 00 |
| Corn, | 70 |
| Oats, | 50 |
| Timothy Seed, | 2 [illegible] |
| Clover Seed, | [illegible] |
| Flax Seed, | [illegible] |
| Plaster Paris, per ton, | [illegible] |

## Married,

[illegible]

## Died,

[illegible]

*A New Thief-trap.*—A fellow at Columbus, Ohio, undertook to get into the Burroughs House on Sunday night by raising the window. He got it up and his head in, and in that predicament the patent fastener let go, and he was held by the head till morning, when the landlord kicked and thumped him a few times and then let him go.

*Gold from Australia.*—The last overland mail announces the clearance from Australia of 13 different gold ships for London, having together on freight 291,549 ounces, equal to $5,830,980. This news is favorably noted in the cotton and money circulars.

*Improved Cornices.*—Metallic cornices are more generally in vogue in New York this Spring than heretofore. They possess all the essential qualities of stone, without the expense, and avoid the dangers from fire incurred by the use of wooden ones.


NEW STEAM SAW-MILL.

THE undersigned have in operation in GOLDSBOROUGH, York county, Pa., one of the largest and most complete Saw Mills in the country, and are prepared to cut to order, any size, quantity and quality of

**White Pine and Oak Lumber,**

and have it delivered at any point on the Baltimore and Susquehanna and Hanover Branch Rail Roads.

They also have on hand an assortment of White Pine

BOARDS AND PLANK,

Hemlock Joists, Scantling & Fencing.—Also, Ash, from 1½ to 4 inches thick: Shingles, Laths, Worked Flooring and Weather-boarding, &c. &c.

☞All orders addressed to SMALL, STAIR & Co., York, Pa., will be promptly attended to.

KILLIAN SMALL. WM. H. STAIR.
June 19. 3m

**Notice to Tax-Payers.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Commissioners will make an abatement of FIVE PER CENT. upon all State and County Taxes assessed for the year 1854, that shall be paid to Collectors on or before *Wednesday the 28th day of June next;* and Collectors are hereby required to make such abatement to all persons paying on or before said day.

Collectors are required to make payment to the County Treasurer on or before *Friday the 30th day of June next*—otherwise they will not be entitled to any abatement.

By order of the Commissioners,
J. AUGHINBAUGH, *Clerk.*
May 29. td

NOTICE,

*Estate of Mary Rankin, deceased.*

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of MARY RANKIN, late of Straban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those who have any claims, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JACOB KING, *Adm'r.*
May 29. 6t

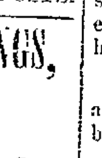
NOTICE,

*Estate of John Chambers, deceased.*

LETTERS of Administration de bonis non, with the will annexed, on the Estate of JOHN CHAMBERS, late of Berwick township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Mountpleasant township, he hereby gives notice to persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those having claims, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

HENRY REILY, *Adm'r.*
June 12. 6t

TIMBER-LAND FOR SALE.



THE Subscriber has still a few more Lots of TIMBER LAND for sale, which will be disposed of reasonably. For information apply to

J. D. PAXTON.
Gettysburg, May 15. tf

☞Also for sale, a lot of LOCUST POSTS.

CALEDONIA COLD SPRINGS,

(LATE SWEENEY'S,)

**Adams County, Pa.**

THESE Springs, situated on the South Mountain, a short distance from the pike leading from Chambersburg to Gettysburg, Pa., will be opened for visitors on the 15th *of June next.* Large and commodious buildings, including extensive Bath Houses for hot and cold plunges, have been erected. The grounds have been much improved, and every effort made to render these Springs a popular place of resort. An efficient and obliging Manager will have the general superintendence, while the best servants the country affords have been engaged. The table will be furnished with all the delicacies of the markets, and nothing left undone to render this *old favorite resort* worthy the patronage of the public. Persons leaving Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia in the morning trains will arrive at Chambersburg in time to take the Coaches for tea. For further particulars address

J. C. RICHARDS,
Chambersburg, Pa.
May 22. 2m

NEW FANCY GOODS.

☞CALL AND SEE!

MISS McCLELLAN

HAS just returned from Philadelphia with a large and well-selected assortment of FANCY GOODS, of every variety, to which she invites the attention of Ladies and Gentlemen ... [illegible]

BONNETS & BONNET TRIMMINGS,

*SILKS, SATINS,*

Ladies' Dress Trimmings,

Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, Black Veils, Blue do., Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, French Worked Collars, Cambric, Jaconet & Swiss Edgings, Insertings, Muslins, Sleeves, Mohair and Silk Mits, Bugle Lace and Fringe, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Braids, Fans, Gentlemen's Collars, Cravats of all kinds, &c.

☞Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to call and examine our Goods. It will give us pleasure to show them.

April 3. tf

Fresh Burning Fluid.

O[illegible]

LAMPS. [illegible]

[illegible]

JUST [illegible] Fresh Groceries. [illegible]

**Second-hand Cook-Stoves.**

[illegible] GEO. ARNOLD.

[illegible] tf

[illegible] MARCUS SAMSON.

Hanover Branch Rail Road.

*CHANGE OF HOURS.*

ON and after *Saturday, May 13,* Trains over this road will be run as follows:

1st Train will leave Hanover at 9.15 A. M., with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia, and return to Hanover with Passengers from Baltimore and York at 12 M. This Train connects also with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 1 P. M., stopping at Glenrock, Parkton and Cockeysville.

2d Train will leave Hanover at 2.30, P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore, arriving there at 6.20; and return immediately with Passengers from York, &c., at 4.45, P. M.

3d Train will leave Hanover at 6, P. M., with Passengers for York; and return with Passengers from Baltimore at 8, P. M.

The Monday morning extra train will leave for Baltimore 4.30: return at 7, A. M.

EDWARD E. YOUNG, *Agent.*
Hanover, June 5. tf

**Baltimore & Susquehanna Rail Road.**

CHANGE OF HOURS.—Way Passenger Train leaves Calvert Station at 8.15 A. M.
Arrives at York at 11 A. M.
Accommodation Train leaves Calvert Station at 4.25 P. M.
Arrives at York at 7.42 P. M.
Express Train leaves Calvert Station at 10 P. M.
Arrives at York at 12.43 P. M.

RETURNING.

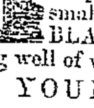
Way Passenger Train will leave Harrisburg at 1.45 P. M.
Arriving at York at 2.45 P. M.
Express Train leaves Harrisburg at 8.45 A. M.
Arriving at York at 9.54 A. M.
Accommodation train leaves York 4.45 A. M.

A. P. WINCHESTER,
Superintendent of Transportation.
May 15. tf

DESIRABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, intending to remove to he West, offers at Private Sale, a very desirable Property, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, on the road leading from Millerstown to Cashtown, three miles from the latter place. There are TEN ACRES in the Lot. The Improvements are a two story and a half LOG HOUSE, a small STABLE, and a new Log BLACKSMITH'S SHOP; a never failing well of water at the door; and a



YOUNG ORCHARD,

of choice Fruit. The Lot lies along Marsh-creek, and a stream of never-failing water runs through it.

☞The terms will be made known on application to the subscriber, residing on the premises.

WM. U. SPRENKLE.
May 22. 3t

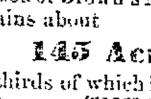
MILL PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

I wish to sell my valuable MILL PROPERTY, laying upon Patapsco Falls, in Carroll county, Md., about 25 miles from Baltimore and 7 from Westminster, in the neighborhood of Brown's Meeting-house. The Tract contains about

**145 Acres of Land,**

two-thirds of which is covered with fine thrifty TIMBER. The improvements are a good FRAME *DWELLING-HOUSE,* Stabling, & other Out-buildings, all conveniently arranged and situated, together with an extensive



SAWING ESTABLISHMENT,

which is now turning out $100 worth of work per month. The Water-power can be increased to almost any desirable amount.

For further particulars, address, post paid,
GEO. W. MATHEWS,
Houck's Store, Carroll co., Md.
April 17. 5t

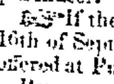
SMALL FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offer at Private Sale, a SMALL FARM, situated in Green township, Franklin county, 1½ miles east of Fayetteville, adjoining lands of Samuel Renfrew's heirs, Joseph Stall and others, containing

*72 Acres of prime Pine Land,*

about 50 Acres of which are cleared, and the balance is well Timbered. The Improvements are a new two-story LOG HOUSE, a large BARN, nearly new, and other Out-buildings. There is an excellent well of water near the door of the house.—There is also on the premises a first-rate ORCHARD of choice Fruit. A good title can be given, and the terms will be made to suit the purchaser.



☞If the above Farm is not sold before the 16th of September next, it will on that day be offered at Public Sale.

Persons wishing to view the property can do so by calling on James Brown, residing thereon, or on any of the undersigned.

N. B. HUTCHISON, Greenvillage.
D. H. HUTCHISON, Fayetteville.
J. W. HUTCHISON.
May 15. tf

$50 REWARD.

WAS STOLEN from the subscriber, at Centre Mills, Butler township, Adams county, Pa., on the night of the 4th of May inst.,

**A Bay Mare,**

partly blooded, about six years old, of good size and weight, natural trotter, with black mane, tail and legs, white spot on fore knee, and white mark on the inside of her left ear.

☞The above Reward will be paid for the recovery of the Mare, and the arrest and conviction of the Thief, or $25 for either Mare or Thief.

J. Y. BUSHEY.
May 15. 3t

TAILORING.

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the TAILORING BUSINESS, at his old stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

☞*The New York Spring and Summer FASHIONS* are received. Call and see them.

May [illegible] tf

NOTICE,

*Estate of David Herman, deceased.*

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of DAVID HERMAN, late of Straban township, Adams county, having been granted to the subscribers, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and make payment without delay; and those having claims, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

☞The first named Administrator resides in Straban township, the latter in Hamilton township.

SAMUEL HERMAN,
SAMUEL MILLER, } *Adm'rs.*
May 15. 6t

CHILDREN'S SHOES, the best assortment in town, at K. KURTZ'S.


NewspaperARCHIVE.com

### Hawaii (Sandwich Islands.)

For the financial years 1842 and 1843 the revenues of this kingdom were $48,842. During the years 1850 and 1851 they reached $315,735. In 1853 the revenue was $326,000. The adoption of the Maine Liquor Law is in agitation in Hawaii, but the Minister of Foreign Relations opposes it as detrimental to the finances of the kingdom. During the year 1853 one hundred and nineteen foreigners were naturalized, fifty-three being Americans; and in the same period 12,011 acres of public lands were sold for $15,065. There are 423 public free schools taught in the Hawaiian tongue by native teachers, 344 being Protestant schools and 79 Catholic. In these schools 12,205 children are taught. The natives are anxious to learn the English language, and those who do not will soon be strangers on their own soil. 14,689 gallons of liquor were drank during the year, and the convictions for crime were 3,173, of which number 1,059 were for drunkenness. 1,954 marriages were licensed during the year. The statistics of the births and deaths for the last three years compare thus:

| | Births. | Deaths. | Decrease. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1851 | 2,424 | 5,792 | 3,368 |
| 1852 | 1,850. | 2,822 | 972 |
| 1853 | 1,513 | 8,026 | 6,513 |

The Legislature met on the 8th of April, the King opening the session with a speech in which he recommends the passage of laws to render vaccination compulsory throughout the islands, and the establishment of a permanent board of Health—He also recommends the establishment of a mint, savings bank, a loan for the improvement of the harbor of Honolulu, and the organization of a permanent military force.

*The Jews of Palestine—Threatened Famine.*—Recent accounts from the Holy Land represent the condition of the Jews in that country as most lamentable; and there is abundant evidence that these people are suffering great distress from destitution.—Their sufferings have been occasioned partly by the failure of the last harvest, which has raised the price of food to an enormous height, and partly by the present war and political disturbances, and the diminution of the resources for the support of the poor derived from other countries. Sir Moses Montefiore, an eminent Hebrew of London, lately returned from a visit to the Holy Land, has published an appeal in behalf of the sufferers, in which he says:

"I learn that fathers in Israel—men profoundly learned in the law, who, so that they may die near the graves of our forefathers, submit to live in the most abject poverty—are now impelled by the very love they bear their children, to sell them to the stranger, 'so,' to use their own words, 'that their offspring may be spared death—death from starvation.'"

The Hebrews of Jerusalem have also issued an "Appeal to the Congregations of Great Britain and America." The following are extracts:

Brethren of the House of Israel, who sojourn in happy England and America, arouse yourselves and save from annihilation the remnant of the faithful watchers of Zion and Jerusalem.

We lack the power to give even a faint idea of the misery we are enduring: every heart has become sick—every tongue stricken dumb.

Behold, we are utterly prostrated—both in mind and in body, incompetent to proclaim the severity of the visitation that is consuming us.

Starvation and pestilence walk hand in hand, and the wail of the poor, the widow and the orphan, is borne on the air. It is difficult to say whose sufferings are the greater, the miseries of those born under the sun of Judea, or of the holy pilgrims from distant lands. All classes of society, all grades and conditions, have become united in the brotherhood of woe; heads of synagogues and their pious servitors, learned rabbis and their scholars, mix in the crowd to supplicate and beg a mouldy crust. Even that assistance which has hitherto reached us from our brethren in the Russian and Turkish dominions, is now, in consequence of the war, cut off.

*An "Infernal Machine."*—The report of the proceedings of the French Academy of Science contains an account of a new and destructive weapon which has been invented in France. It consists of a long hollow lance, filled with some combustible compound. To this lance is attached a buckler, which protects the head and breast of the soldier from the bullets of the enemy:

"Thus protected, the man may advance to within eight or ten yards of the enemy, and deliver his fire. The fire is communicated to the lance with as great facility as to a gun. It exercises its action directly by fire, properly speaking, and will cover with a sheet of flame a horizontal surface of 10 or 12 yards. The fire tenaciously attaches itself to every object it encounters, burns with rapidity, and gives so powerful a volume of flame that it is as dangerous to the second and third ranks of the enemy as to those in front. Besides this first effect, the lance continues for some time to give an uninterrupted jet of flame, accompanied with a loud whistling noise."

*A Clergyman Arrested on the Charge of Riot.*—On Friday week, in Boston, Rev. Thomas W. Higginson, of Worcester, Massachusetts, was arrested on a charge of riot, and was held to bail in $3,000 to answer.

The complaint against Mr. Higginson sets forth that on the 26th ult., "unlawfully and intending to disturb the peace of said Commonwealth, did, with five hundred or more persons, meet and assemble together, to disturb the peace of said Commonwealth, and being so assembled, did unlawfully, riotously and routeously beset and attack the Court House in said city, and did throw stones, bricks, pieces of wood and other missiles at and against the said Court House, and did break the glass in the windows of said Court House and did force in and break open one of the doors of said Court House; and did then and there unlawfully, riotously and routeously fire and discharge sundry firearms loaded with powder and ball, and did utter loud outcries and hooras, and did then and there and thereby draw together a great crowd of persons, to the great terror and disturbance of divers citizens."

*Wise's Balloon Recovered.*

SOUTHBRIDGE, MASS., June 11.—The balloon of Mr. Wise, which escaped from him on the occasion of his ascent from the Crystal Palace, on Friday last, alighted the same day at Eastford, Conn., in good condition.

### The Missing Steamer—An Affecting Story.

The Jersey Blue has the following affecting story:

During the latter part of our career in the Philadelphia Post-office, we became acquainted, among the mass of human beings whose faces appeared daily at the "General Delivery Window" where we were stationed, with an intelligent, happy looking Englishman, of about forty-five years of age, who came frequently to inquire for letters from home. He was a man of pleasing manners, and evidently had been well educated and accustomed to the refinements and elegancies of really good society. Being a stranger on our shores, he was glad to avail himself of an opportunity of conversing with us, and spoke freely of his past and of his hoped-for future. He had come over to Philadelphia, bringing with him a little son, apparently about twelve years of age, to select a residence for the rest of his family which he had left in England, and to make all the arrangements necessary to their comfort when they should arrive. He had accomplished this—had taken and furnished a house in Philadelphia, and was expecting letters from his wife, informing him of her sailing with their other children in the steamer *City of Manchester*.

We handed him a letter—it spoke of her *expectation* to sail in that steamer, and went away with such glad anticipations as might be supposed to fill the heart of a husband and father long absent from the wife and children whom he soon expected to meet and embrace again. A few days passed, and another mail arrived, and with it a letter to our friend from his wife, saying that she had not been able to make her arrangements in time to sail in the Manchester, but that she should certainly sail in the Glasgow. Some time after this, letters came, which she had mailed at the time of embarking in this ship, and now he was unspeakably happy with the almost certainty of seeing his wife and children in a very few days, for the New York mail steamers generally make the passage but a few days sooner than our screw steamers. Soon he, with many others, commenced going down every day to Queen street wharf to look for the incoming steamer.

But who shall speak of the horrors to come? Day after day did he, with the many others on that sad walk, go down to the wharf and strain his vision to descry among the numerous vessels down the river, the anxiously expected steamer. We saw him when the vessel had been some thirty days out, and were startled at his appearance.—The plump, happy-seeming face of one month before, was haggard as the face of Death, the eyes that so shortly before we had seen dance in the light of inward joy, were blood-shot, wild and glaring upon us with a maniac expression. He walked mopingly away, but his face haunted us still. A few days after this, a steamer arrived bringing the report that a vessel somewhat resembling the Glasgow had been seen off the Bahamas; this report brought him to us again. Oh, how that false hope had brightened his countenance! His eyes had regained their expression of intelligence, and he clung to this baseless hope, as a drowning man to a straw.

We left the Post-office a few days after this. Yesterday we inquired concerning this wretched man, and was told that he had been for some time in the Lunatic Asylum, a *raving maniac*. May God reward him in eternity!

*Impressment of Seamen.*—The British Government has revived a most disgraceful practice—that of forcing seamen who had been taken prisoners of war, to serve in the navy, where they of course are likely to be called upon to fight against their own country. A Russian bark, the Argo, from Matanzas, *bound to an English port*, the master of which unfortunately confided in the generosity of the British Government or was not aware that war had been declared; was captured while going into port. The cargo which was on British account, was released, but the vessel was delivered over to the Prize Commissioners. The captain was set at liberty on parole, and twelve of the crew were drafted on board of her Majesty's ship Crocodile. The barbarous custom of impressing prisoners of war was enforced, it will be recollected, in the last war between England and this country, and many an American was forced at the point of the bayonet to fight against his own countrymen. Its revival is an evidence that, although the principles of humanity may have become more widely prevalent among individuals, *civilized* war has been robbed of none of its barbarous features.—*Boston Journal.*

### Judge Pollock on Nebraska.

While Gov. BIGLER is "mum" on the Nebraska question, although understood to be at heart with Douglass, Pierce & Co., we are happy to observe that Judge POLLOCK, our Gubernatorial candidate, takes his position full and square against the whole scheme. He writes thus to the editor of the *Erie Gazette*:

"The Nebraska bill, in its origin, progress and design, deserves the condemnation of every lover of freedom and his country. A more ill-timed, ill-timed, unnecessary, and reckless measure was never introduced into a deliberative body. A wanton breach of plighted faith and national honor—an undisguised attempt to introduce slavery into territories now free, it deserves all the censure that has been thrown upon it, and I must and will be condemned by a free and patriotic people. I never can and never will consent to the extension of Slavery to territories now free. Politicians may pander to that institution—I cannot do it."

BOSTON, June 14.—A boiler exploded yesterday at Stephen Taylor's factory, on Brighton street, by which six persons were badly scalded, two of whom died this morning. The building was considerably shattered.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The steamer Asia sailed for Liverpool at 1 o'clock today, taking out 170 passengers and $76[illegible] 000 in specie. Among the passengers are Mr. Molyneux, British Consul at Savannah.

*Whiskey in Hogsheads.*—An inspector of liquors in Sandusky, Ohio, who is an eminent German chemist, states that all the liquor sold there for brandy, which he has examined, is nothing but whiskey, containing a few drops to change the color and taste.

☞One of the German Almanacs remarks that "A young girl is a fishing rod—the eyes are the hook, the sweet smile is the bait, the lover is the gudgeon, and marriage the butter in which he is fried."

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, June 19, 1854.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK,
Of Northumberland county.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE,
Of Allegheny county.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER,
Of Montgomery county.

### New Stage Line.

We learn that our enterprising citizen JOHN L. TATE & Co., have made arrangements to run a daily line of four horse Coaches direct between Hanover and Emmitsburg—leaving Emmitsburg at 5, A. M., and Hanover at 12, M.

☞On Tuesday last the Stockholders of the Bank of Gettysburg accepted the new Charter extended to the Bank by the last Legislature.

### Caledonia Springs.

On Thursday last, this delightful retreat was opened for the reception of visitors.—There were probably from 4 to 500 persons present on the occasion. It had been announced that Mr. STEVENS would be present on the occasion, and deliver an Address. He was, however, detained by business, and could not be there. Mr. ROBINSON, and Mr. BREWER, of Chambersburg, made short but appropriate addresses. The dinner was a sumptuous one, got up in very handsome style, and was very pleasantly enjoyed by about 400 individuals. The building is very large, commodious, and beautiful; and the whole arrangement of the concern is such as to satisfy the most fastidious. No one can fail to be pleased, and we predict for it, when generally known and tried, complete success. There are few spots, we think, where a short time could be spent more pleasantly. The pure mountain air and water cannot but invigorate and enliven.

☞At a meeting of the German Lutheran Synod of Pennsylvania held at Reading last week, Rev. W. JULIUS MANN, of Philadelphia, was elected as the new German Professor in Pennsylvania College and the Theological Seminary in this place.

At this meeting, the following persons were ordained:—Rev. C. Nitterauer; Rev. Wm. Rath; Rev. J. S. Crumbaugh; Rev. Jacob Fry; Rev. B. W. Schmauck; and Rev. A. Ritter.

The following persons were duly licensed to preach the Gospel for one year:—Professor Muhlenberg, of Pennsylvania College, Ernst Luepkert, John W. Kreglow, John W. Hossler, Edward Scharretts.

### Great Fire in York.

On Friday morning last, about one o'clock, a fire broke out in the stable of Daniel B. Weiser, on the alley half way between South George and South Duke streets. It was not checked for two hours, and destroyed the stables of Mr. Weiser, of Benjamin Weiser, sen., Philip Stair, Jacob Cremer, Jacob Quickel's two stables, and his large carpenter shop, with from 20,000 to 25,000 feet of seasoned lumber. Samuel Weiser's stable, and another of Benjamin Weiser, sen. Thomas Baumgardner's large brick stable, the one-story brick house of Mr. Wise, the second story and attic of the neat brick residence of Michael Schall, four one-story frame houses erected by Samuel Weaver, a large barn of Daniel B. Weiser, a one-story house of Mr. Glasser. A horse, two cows, five large hogs, wagons, &c. were consumed, together with some household property.—Most of the property was insured. It was the work of an incendiary.

☞A disastrous fire occurred at Worcester, Mass., on Wednesday last. The flames devastated over four acres of the city, destroying all the principal manufactories in Union, Exchange, and Cypress streets.—The loss is estimated at half a million of dollars. Nearly 1500 workmen have been thrown out of employment.

☞A destructive fire took place on the Mill street Long Wharf, in Baltimore, on Thursday morning last. Before the flames could be subdued, nine warehouses were destroyed. Three horses were also burned.

☞Strawberries are but three cents a basket, and a drug at that, in the City of New York. The markets are filled with fruit, but the presence of the cholera checks the demand, and makes prices cheap.

☞Twenty-three slaves from Grant county, Ky., made their escape on Tuesday night. They came down the Licking river in disguise, and crossed the Ohio below Cincinnati. They immediately set out for Canada.

☞The Maine Liquor Law passed both branches of the Legislature of Connecticut on Thursday last. In the Senate the vote was 19 to 1.

*Immense Railroad Earnings.*—We learn officially, that the freight earnings of the Chicago and Galena Railroad, for the month of May, were about $70,000. The passenger earnings were probably about $60,000 more; making $130,000 in all.

### The Rebuke.

Never in the history of this country have our National and State Administrations been so signally, overwhelmingly rebuked by the people, and on their chosen issues.—The cowardly, vacillating and profligate policy of Gov. Bigler was rapidly preparing the way for his overthrow; but with the recklessness of the National Administration in plunging us into the bitterest sectional strife, and trifling with the peace of the Nation, popular forbearance has been overborne, and the recoil has been terrible and complete. Washington, the centre of Administration influence, has spurned the dominant party, and in the face of direct Executive and other official intervention.—It has reversed the complexion of the municipal authorities, and hurled the proud defiance of Freemen into the very temple of Federal power. Philadelphia has spoken in thunder tones in condemnation of our National and State Administrations.—There, as in Washington, every appliance known to the most unscrupulous politicians and office-holders of the Locofoco party, was brought into requisition to *save the Administration from rebuke*, but they have been condemned by a popular majority entirely unprecedented. The overthrow has been almost total—scarcely a Councilman saved to tell that there *was* an Administration party! But October has yet to come—then, gentlemen of the BIGLER Nebraska school, STAND FROM UNDER!—*Repos. & Whig.*

☞The supposition that the difficulty with Spain is likely to be settled amicably proves fallacious. From the most reliable source, it appears that the Black Warrior affair remains a bone of contention to favor the Administration's ulterior designs upon Cuba. The Executive is feeling the pulses in the Senate and House to see how far Congress can be relied on. Mr. Soule is encouraged in his demands upon Spain, while the latter, sustained by France, refuses all concessions, and is preparing for the emergency.

*Severe Hail Storm.*—On Thursday week a violent hail storm passed over portions of Frederick and Washington counties, Md., doing considerable damage to the crops.—Some of the hail-stones, it is stated, measured over six inches in circumference.

☞Cholera is extending to many towns in the West, especially along the rivers.—It does not prevail anywhere to an alarming degree. Some cases have also occurred at New York and one case at Boston. In the latter city the authorities are taking active measures to have the city thoroughly cleansed of all filth and impurities.

*The City of Glasgow.*—Friday last was the hundredth day since this vessel sailed from Liverpool. As the dates received from Fayal, are down to the 12th May, and nothing had been heard at those islands of the missing ship, the last hope of hearing anything of her in that quarter, has vanished, and the painful conviction is reluctantly forced upon us that the gallant vessel and every soul on board are buried in the deep ocean.

☞Street preaching is on the increase in Philadelphia. The North American says: "If they would content themselves with 'going into all the highways and byeways' to preach the gospel, we would have no manner of objection, and perhaps some words of commendation. But they will mix religion and politics, dragging the angel's wing in the mire."

*The Cholera.*—During the 12 days ending the 3d inst., there were seven cholera deaths at Memphis, Tenn. At Nashville, the cholera does not appear to be very fatal, the deaths not averaging over three daily. Dr. Hobbs, of Memphis, has addressed a letter to the Mayor of Nashville, stating that by the use of cistern water entirely and exclusively the cholera will disappear and never return. The doctor says that this is known to him by analysis and by an experience of twenty-four years.

*Won't be Turned Out.*—Judge B. B. Meeker, of Minnesota, superseded by President Pierce, has returned to the Territory, and, it is said, avows his purpose to officiate as Judge, assuming that the President had no right to supersede him.

*Smart.*—During the late abolition mob at Boston, a black fellow went among the sympathizers and represented himself to be a fugitive slave, that his master was in search of him, and that he wanted funds in order to escape into Canada. He succeeded in raising a considerable sum of money, but was at last recognized and taken into custody.

☞The Finances of Spain are in a deplorable condition. Three years since that Government had creditors in England to the extent of seventy millions sterling. Since when, the interest on the debt has been allowed to accumulate without payment. Now it is proposed to raise $18,000,000 additional (or 180,000,000 reals) at the extraordinary rate of 12 per cent. per annum.

☞*Putnam's Magazine*, for July, has been received. We always open this periodical with pleasure. Its articles are generally of interest. It is beautifully embellished this month. "The Sea Bathers" is a beautiful mezzotint, and its Fashions are elegantly executed. The price of the Magazine is but $2 a year.

*Appointments for the New Territories.*—It is being said around the Washington hotels that the President has before him upwards of three hundred applications for the offices in the new Territories of Nebraska and Kansas, and more "documents" coming! There are but fourteen offices to be filled, or about twenty-five applicants for each office; thus making the chances equal to the drawing of a small prize in a Perham Gift Lottery. Those especially interested are expecting the appointments to be made some time this week.

*The American Nation.*—The Westminster Review, after comparing the census of Britain and the United States, says the whole civilized world owe respect and gratitude to the United States for what they are doing in education. "As for what the American nation is to become at its present rate of progress, it is really an overwhelming idea. There may be a Democratic Republic of a hundred millions of citizens at the end of this century."

☞A fatal Epidemic among horses is said to be raging in New Orleans. It is described as being a species of fever, very violent in character, and attacking all the principal vital organs. In some few cases bleeding is said to have proved successful as a remedy, but the loss to stable keepers and others, by the death of horses, is reported to be very large, one person having lost as many as forty.

☞The Wheat throughout France presents the most luxuriant appearance. In the strong lands, it is fifteen days earlier than in ordinary years, and there is every prospect of a most abundant harvest.

☞The "Seven Year Locusts" make their periodical visit this season, and already they are beginning to appear in great numbers in and about Rockford, Illinois. In some gardens the ground is literally perforated in all directions with holes about a half-inch in diameter and four inches deep, out of which they crawl in the form of a beetle, cast off their jackets, take wings and fly away.

*A Touching Appeal.*—A Western editor appeals, in the following eloquent language, to the sympathies of his delinquent subscribers:—"We cannot help thinking how much easier an editor's life might be made if his generous patrons could only hear his 'better half' scraping the bottom of the flour barrel! A man that can write editorials with such music sounding in his ears, can easily walk the telegraph wires and turn somersets in the branches of a thorn bush."

*Second Thoughts Best.*—On Monday morning, a young girl of sixteen, named Ellen Freeman, jumped from the draw of the Lee street bridge, in Boston, into the rapid channel, but being somewhat cooled by the plunge, she clung to a floating log until rescued by the draw tender, who delivered her to the care of her mother.

☞The "Eastern Shore" of Maryland (says the Philadelphia North American) has within a few years past exhibited a remarkable degree of improvement. Agriculture in all its branches has made rapid progress, and the introduction of new methods of cultivation has worked a surprising change in the health of that region, which was at one time so proverbially bad as to depreciate the property and drive away a large amount of industrious population. The malarious fever has almost entirely disappeared.

☞Free Schools in Nebraska are great institutions. They are so free that the scholars do as they like, and the male teachers all elope with the female teachers. For a full course of instruction, with four-story trimmings, you must step over to Nebraska.

☞Wm. E. Roberts, a young man of genteel appearance, from Pennsylvania, has been convicted of arson at New Orleans, in setting fire to his store, the contents of which were appraised at $200, and on which he had an insurance of $4,000. The punishment is imprisonment for life in the penitentiary.

☞*A Case of Conscience.*—On Wednesday last, the National Fire Insurance Company in New York received, through the medium of a Roman Catholic clergyman, the sum of $200, from some person unknown, who accuses himself of having defrauded the Company to that amount, and desires to make restitution.

*Man Killed.*—A man was run over by a train of cars on the Portage Railroad on Monday last, between Plane 9 and 10.—He had been in a state of intoxication since about the first of the present month, and on Monday, in consequence of beastly intoxication, fell across the track and laid there until a train passed over him. His legs were both cut off above the knees, causing his death in a few minutes. He leaves a family to mourn his sudden exit into eternity.

*An American Consul Imprisoned.*—Mr. J. L. Nelson, U. S. Consul at Turk's Island, has been arrested for an alleged assault upon one of the magistrates, and was fined $200. He refused to pay the fine, and the authorities put him in prison. Mr. Nelson has written to the Governor an account of the transaction, and if he has been wronged, the latter will, no doubt, see that he is righted.

☞The cable for the Mediterranean electric telegraph has just been completed in England. It is 110 miles in length, and weighs about 800 tons.

### Street Preaching in New York.

Sunday week passed off in New York city without any disturbance. The "Angel Gabriel" preached in the Park, and no attempt was made to incite a riot, except by Gabriel himself, whose language was anything but that which should be used by a preacher of the gospel. Mrs Bishop, an elderly woman, also held forth on the Hall steps, and was listened to attentively. Her discourse was mild and scriptural. Another preacher, a man, whose name we did not learn, also preached on the Hall steps, and was not molested. Gabriel, after leaving the Park, was followed by over a thousand persons, and it was said that he and his followers went to Brooklyn. Gabriel had his trumpet with him as usual, and sounded it to the amusement of the boys. This eccentric being is a Scotchman. Mr. Parker preached in the square, head of East Broadway, and no disturbance occurred in this vicinity.

*Inauguration of Mayor Conrad.*

PHILADELPHIA, June 13th.—An immense crowd assembled in Independence Square to-day to witness the inauguration of Mayor Conrad. The oath was administered by Judge Thompson, and repeated with unlifted hand by Mr. Conrad. While in the midst of his inaugural address a tremendous shower came up, which drove the people into the vestibule, where the Mayor finished his address. He said that while grateful to his friends for their services in the campaign, they would not be wholly considered in applications for office. He said emphatically that none but native born Americans, sober and capable men, should be appointed to the police department, and promised to enforce the Sabbath law by shutting up the taverns on that day. These pledges were received with tremendous applause, and a salute fired from the Square.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The Senate in executive session to-day, confirmed the commercial treaties with Uruguay and the Argentine Confederations.

The Government, I learn, has received despatches from Commodore Perry, fully confirming the statement that he has succeeded in satisfactorily opening commercial intercourse between the United States and Japan.

A new and important feature seems to have been discovered with reference to the Nebraska Kansas bill, which leaves in existence an old law of 1834 that to all intents and purposes excludes foreigners from those territories, except by passports from the Secretary of War. This discovery was made by Mr. Benton, and has produced much excitement. It, in other words, almost restores the principle of the Clayton amendment.

A bill to amend and obviate this difficulty will probably be introduced during the present week. It is therefore anticipated that the old excitement on this vexed question will be renewed.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—As an illustration of the bitterness engendered in the recent municipal election, it may be mentioned that efforts will be made to transfer the appointing power of the minor municipal officers from the Mayor to the President. A bill for that purpose will probably come before Congress in a few days. That it will pass is doubtful, although the disappointed will try to urge it through.

*Decline in the Price of Beef.*—It will be good news to the housekeepers to learn that the price of beef, which has lately commanded such extortionate figures, is on the decline. At the Baltimore scales on Monday, prices gave way full 50 cents on the 100 lbs., while in New York, on the same day, there was a decline of from $1 50 to $2 per hundred. In the latter market there was a marked increase in the supply of beef cattle.

*Cholera and Small Pox.*—A large number of cases of cholera and small pox, it is said, are now at Staten Island, N. York, among the emigrants there, and permission has been obtained from the Collector of the port to use two large government warehouses for the accommodation of the patients. In view of the fact that the cholera has also appeared in the very heart of the city of New York, the Evening Post calls upon the authorities to lose no time in cleansing the streets and alleys.

*Princeton (N. J.) College.*—At the ensuing commencement of Princeton College, on the last Wednesday of the present month, efforts will be made to reassemble the various classes which have graduated within the last few years, in order that they may contribute to the proposed fund of $100,000 for the endowment of the College. Part of this endowment is to be distributed into scholarships of one thousand dollars.

*Valley Bank.*—The whole of the capital stock of this bank, to be established at Hagerstown, Md., has been subscribed. The capital stock authorized by the charter is $100,000, $95,000 of which could alone be be subscribed, the State having reserved the right of taking $5,000. One-fourth of the amount has been paid in, and deposited in gold, in the Hagerstown Bank. The largest amount was subscribed by Shoup & Co., of Dayton, Ohio.

☞The cities of Cleveland and Ohio city are annexed, and now form the city of Cleveland. The commissioners on annexation appointed by the two cities, unanimously ratified the agreement.

### Late Foreign Intelligence.

The news from Liverpool to the 31st ultimo, brought by the steamer Pacific, is thus epitomized in the Philadelphia North American:

Sir Charles Napier's fleet bombarded Gustasvarnes on the 22d without effect and another attack was intended on the 29th. The same fleet has also bombarded and destroyed the advanced works of Hongo on the Baltic. The main fortifications were shortly to be attacked. Sebastopol was still blockaded by the allied fleets, and Sillistria held out against the siege of the Russians, who have been driven back four times with loss. It is reported that King Otho has accepted the ultimatum of the allies. Naples declared its neutrality, and the adhesion of the German Powers to the Austro-Prussian treaty has been secured. Russia has concluded a treaty with Khiva. Notwithstanding the blockade of Sebastopol, a Russian frigate made her way out of the harbor, and captured a British merchantman. Being discovered, she cut her prize adrift, and made her way back safely.

### The News from Europe.

The news by the Arabia does not bring any thing decisive from the Danube, though it is probable that we shall soon hear something decisive from that quarter. The Russians have been concentrating their forces upon Sillistria, and that place was in great danger of falling into their hands, if it has not already done so. Omar Pasha with 90,000 men has gone to its relief, so that a general encounter of the two opposing armies cannot be much longer delayed. If the garrison still holds out, with such assistance as now promised it, Paskiewitch will find it as great a stumbling-block to his advance, as it was to the Russian army in 1849. His skill will probably be shown in manœuvring Omar out of the way, and taking advantage of the blunders of the Turks, so very common in their encounter with the Russians, to fall upon them with terrible effect, as they have often done before. Unless the Russian General uses despatch, the allied troops will soon be with the Turks, and then the prospects of the Russians advancing any further will be postponed indefinitely.

*Later from Mexico—Santa Anna about to declare Himself Emperor.*

NEW ORLEANS, June 12.—The steamer Orizaba arrived here to-day from Vera Cruz with dates from the City of Mexico to the 5th instant. It was rumored that the Gadsden Treaty had not been accepted, but returned by Santa Ana to the Government at Washington, with amendments.

Great preparations were making to celebrate Santa Anna's birth-day on the 13th instant, when, it was currently reported, he would declare himself Emperor.

The Indians in Texas and New Mexico, seem to be making a general war upon the white settlements, killing and scalping all that they can find, without regard to age or sex. In our last paper we gave some details of the operations against them; and we now have to add that a band of about 500 Indians, under the noted Chief, "Wild Cat," have, within 30 miles of Victoria, Texas, attacked an escort of 25 U. S. troops and killed all but two of them; they then attacked the travelers and citizens, and killed 30 Mexicans and six Americans. A strong detachment of troops was hastening to the scene of action; and the result would be as it always has been heretofore, that the Indians will be destroyed or driven from the country.

☞Major Wise, who was lately tried by a court martial, in New York, for disobedience of order, in refusing to embark with his command on board of the Fulton steamer, for California, on the ground of her unseaworthiness, was found guilty, and sentenced to be suspended from his rank and pay for six months, but was recommended to the mercy of the President. The President, however, has approved the sentence.

*Emigrants for the West.*—The Chicago correspondent of the New York Evening Post, in a letter dated June 5th, states that a few days previous "a company of six hundred Ohio emigrants started for Nebraska. There is considerable of a tide setting that way from this quarter. Most of the parties now going out are preliminary surveying parties, but they will be followed by an unprecedented flow of emigration as soon as there can be any titles secured to the lands."

Last week seven hundred Germans passed through Cincinnati for Oregon, and seven hundred and thirty for Nebraska. Minnesota is filling up with unparalleled rapidity. The roads leading to it through Iowa and Wisconsin, it is said, are literally crowded with teams and stock belonging to immigrants.

*Loss of our Seven Hundred Lives.*—The Peruvian transport Mercedes, bound from Casma to Callao, with about eight hundred troops on board, struck upon a rock near the mouth of Casmas harbor, on the morning of the 1st ult. The Mercedes was accompanied by the government steamer Rimac, the officers of which rendered every possible assistance, but without effect. The Mercedes went down soon after she struck, carrying with her *seven hundred and thirty-one persons!*

☞The Tankers, a German sect, held their annual meeting near Ashland, Ohio, from the 1st to the 4th inst. About 10,000 were present on the 4th.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

# THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

### A Meeting of the "Know Nothings."

THE "KNOW NOTHINGS" will meet at the Store of *J. S. GRAMMER*, not to sunder former parties, but to examine his extensive stock of NEW

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

this being his second arrival, which consists of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, such as Silks, Bereges, Berege de Lain, Jaconett and French Lawns, Debege Alpaca, Alpaca, Linen Lustre, Calicoes, Ginghams, Cambric Ginghams, Jaconett, Cambric and Swiss Muslins, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Collars, Sleeves, Black Lace Veils, Edgings, Gimps, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Italian Cloths, Casmerets, (of every color) and an assortment of Vestings, Cottonades, Linens of every kind; and also a fresh supply of Groceries, which will be sold very low. His stock of Goods has been selected with great care, and bought exclusively for cash, and he guarantees to dispose of them on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased elsewhere.

☞Terms Cash, or Country produce. To punctual customers a credit of six months.

J. S. GRAMMER.

Gettysburg, May 22. tf

ANTI-NEBRASKA

### Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and tell your neighbors to come, to the Store of the "Two Extremes," and see the splendid stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, now opening, of the latest style and of every variety, suitable for the Spring and Summer season, for Gentlemen, Ladies and Children.

I have made arrangements to have Boots and Shoes made to order, by the best of workmen, and of good material, in the quickest possible time.

W. W. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, March 27. tf

### Groceries! Groceries!

WE have just received the largest stock of GROCERIES ever offered in the county, comprising

25 *Hhds. of prime Sugar,*
60 *Barrels of N. O. Molasses,*
6 *Hhds. of the finest quality of Syrup,* together with a large assortment of Coffee, Rice, Tobacco, &c., to which we invite the attention of purchasers, either wholesale or retail. Now is your time for cheap and desirable Groceries; the place to furnish them is

FAHNESTOCKS',

May 15. *Sign of the Red Front.*

### Boots, Shoes, & Hats.

THE undersigned has enlarged his Store room, and has added to his present business, BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS, such as first-rate fine Moleskin, Kossuth, Hungarian, Lady Franklin, Stiff Brim, soft and hard tops, (latest style) Brush, Manilla, Palm, &c. Buff, Calf and Kip Boots, Black and Bronze top Montereys, Goat and Calf Monroe Shoes, all of which he has bought for cash, and will sell very cheap. I respectfully invite my friends and customers to examine my stock before purchasing. MARCUS SAMSON.

May 9. tf

### Clothing! Clothing!

I have now on hand, and am constantly making up, a fine assortment of SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING, which I will sell low. Call and see, for you will find good and substantial work and goods—no "slop-shop" work.

April 3. ABR'M ARNOLD.

### Fancy Articles.

TO see a fine collection of Fancy articles at very reduced prices, go to FAHNESTOCKS', where you can select from a large assortment, including Sewing Birds, Port Monnaies, Cabas, Fans, French worked, Swiss, Cambric, Honiton and Bobinett Collars, Top and Side Combs, &c. &c., all of which can be purchased at the lowest rates at the

April 3. *Sign of the Red Front.*

### Ladies' Dress Goods.

LADIES, do you wish handsome Dresses for Spring or Summer? If so, call immediately at the long established CHEAP STORE, where we are prepared to exhibit the most beautiful variety and prettiest pattern of Dress Goods ever opened. Do not defer the matter too long, nor lose the opportunity of selecting from the entire assortment. If you wish to save money, and at the same time secure for yourself the prettiest apparel, call immediately at FAHNESTOCK'S.

April 3. tf

### Now for Bargains!

MARCUS SAMSON is now opening a splendid assortment of every kind of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which can't be beat for style or cheapness. Call and see them.

May 15.

## A STEWARD WANTED
AT PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.

THE present Steward of Pennsylvania College being about to leave, applications will be received by the undersigned from persons desiring the situation. Information in regard thereto can be had of either of the undersigned.

☞Possession will be given on the 1st of April, or sooner if desired.

MOSES M'CLEAN,
S. FAHNESTOCK,
H. S. HUBER.
Committee of Board of Trustees.

March 6. tf

## NEW GOODS!

A. ARNOLD has just returned from the City, with the *Largest, Cheapest,* and best selected stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS ever before offered in this Town or County, consisting, in part, of

*German, French and Domestic Cloths,*

Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Satin and other Vestings, Italian Cloths, Tweeds, Ky. Jeans, Coat Ginghams, Berege de laines, Mous de lanes, Prints, Ginghams, and a great variety of Goods too numerous to mention: also, a large assortment of BONNETS, Parasols, &c.

Call and see, as I am determined to undersell any and every establishment in the town or county. [April 3.

GENTLEMEN are invited to call and see a beautiful BEAVER HAT, also Silk, Cuban, Kossuth, Citizens', Braid, and Panama Hats for summer. W. W. PAXTON.

MOROCCOS.—Those wishing to select from a large assortment of Madras, and Boot Morocco, Pink and Liir Linings, of a superior quality and at low prices, should call early at the Cheap Store of FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 15.

### Bonnets—Hats.

A large assortment of Summer Bonnets, Silk and Straw, Panamas, and other light Hats for the approaching season, have been received, and are offered at low prices.

RIBBONS, of every style, and very handsome patterns, we can furnish at reduced prices. S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

April 3. tf

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Flowers, a large and splendid assortment, the best ever brought to town, at SCHICK'S.

## MORE NEW GOODS.

☞*A SECOND SUPPLY!*

GEORGE ARNOLD has just returned from the City with another supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, among which is

**Ladies' Dress Goods,**

of every variety, very handsome and cheap; Sleeves, Collars, and Cuffs, in great variety, and of the latest style; white and red Crape and other Shawls; embroidered and plain Linen Handkerchiefs; Ribbons, a beautiful variety; Bonnets, Trimmings, Calicoes, Ginghams, Gloves, Hosiery, Dress Silks, Bonnet Silks and Satins, Edgings, Insertings, &c., &c., with almost every article in the Dry Goods line; also a lot of

**Fresh Groceries,**

all of which will be sold as cheap as they can be had at any other establishment in the place. ☞Call, examine and judge for yourselves.

May 8. tf

NEW ARRIVAL, AND

### A GREAT GATHERING!

ALMOST everybody is attracted to the Store of J. L. SCHICK, in the three-story building, Southwest Corner of the Diamond, to see the large and splendid stock of

**NEW GOODS,**

he has just brought from the Cities, and he is of course making any number of sales. But "the more the merrier," and the busier he is kept the better he likes it.

His assortment embraces LADIES' DRESS GOODS of every description, such as Silks, Barege de Laines, Challi Barege, Lawns, Drap de Beige, Alpaca de Beige, Alpacas, Bombazines, Silk Down, Linen Lustre, Calicoes, Ginghams, Chambra Ginghams, Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins, in every variety; Crape and Cashmere Shawls; Laces, Edgings, Gimps, Dress Trimmings and Buttons, &c.

For the Gentlemen he has Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeret, Italian Cloth, Drap de Ete, Vestings, (a large and beautiful variety,) Collonades, Linen Checks, Grey Linen, (something new and first rate,) Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, &c.

He endeavors at all times to sell cheaper than any other Store in town; and that he succeeds in the endeavor will be proven by giving him a call. "Small profits and quick sales," and no trouble to show goods.

J. L. SCHICK.

April 10. tf

## GREAT ATTRACTIONS!

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS have just received, and are now opening, one of the largest and most complete assortment of

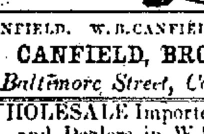
**Spring & Summer Dress Goods**

ever offered to the Public. Our selection having been made with great care, and our stock purchased at reduced prices, we feel prepared to present inducements such as are rarely offered. Our stock of DRY GOODS has never been surpassed, and, with the addition of our last purchase, comprising, as it does, Cloths of all prices and qualities, Cassimeres, Vestings, Kentucky Jeans, Plaids for children, Berage de Laines, Mous de Laines, Berages, Berage Alpacas, Calicoes, Ginghams, Shawls, Cashmere, Thibet & White Crape of every variety. We challenge the County to produce their equal, as regards style, quality and price.

Having added LARGELY to our variety of GROCERIES, we are prepared to furnish the finest qualities of Syrup, Molasses, Sugar, &c. at reduced rates. Our stock of Molasses and Sugar are regarded as the most complete ever offered in the County.

We deem it needless to enumerate, as we have always on hand a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c. To satisfy you of the truth of our assertion, we only ask you to call and examine for yourself, if you want bargains. Call early at FAHNESTOCK'S,

April 3. *Sign of the Red Front.*



I.C.CANFIELD. W.B.CANFIELD. J.H.MEREDITH.

### CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,

229 *Baltimore Street, Corner of Charles,*

WHOLESALE Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in WATCHES, *Jewelry,* Military and Fancy Goods, Silver and Plated Ware, Revolving Pistols, Rifles, Cutlery, &c. &c., have received from all parts of the world, the largest and greatest variety of rich, rare and curious articles ever imported into this city, many of which are truly elegant. We name a few of the leading articles:—*Watches,* of superior quality, from London, Liverpool, Geneva and Copenhagen; *Gold Chains* and Chatelaines, set with diamonds, pearls, rubies, &c.; Paris and Geneva *Jewelry,* of the newest styles—consisting of full suits, and single pieces, of enameled, pearl, rubies, carbuncle, coral, &c.; superb jewelry from Vienna, entirely new; London and American jewelry in great variety; diamond articles, such as bracelets, earrings, broaches, finger rings, scarf pins, studs, &c., some of which are set in pure California gold, and manufactured on our premises by first class workmen; premium Silver Ware; a choice collection of articles, viz.: Pitchers, cake baskets, tea caddies, napkin rings, salt cellars, coffee and tea sets, tea kettles, card stands, ink stands, vases, sugar boxes, dessert knives, spoons and forks, vegetable, salad, asparagus, ice and sugar tongs, cake, pie, ice cream, pudding, fish and butter knives, goblets, cups, tumblers, money boxes, waiters, cracker spoons, oyster ladles, pickle knives and forks, of sterling silver; Sheffield and Birmingham plated goods; albata spoons, forks, ladles, castors, cake baskets, splendid mantel clocks from Paris, bronzes from Paris and Berlin; Dresden China goods, rich and large size vases, Parian marble goods, new patterns, papier mache goods, fancy goods, viz: opera glasses, port folios, writing desks, work boxes, segar cases, snuff boxes, splendid fans, tortoise shell combs, port mon naies, card cases, gold thimbles, tooth picks, solid silver mounted dressing cases, needle cases, bobbin holders, ladies' companions, and an endless variety of articles, which are now opened, and offered at prices which cannot but give entire satisfaction. All articles from our establishment are guaranteed as represented, or the money returned.

CANFIELD, BRO., & CO.,
*Sign of the Golden Eagle, Baltimore.*

April 24. 1y

## FLOUR & GROCERY STORE.

### JACOB NORBECK

INFORMS his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the Store-room lately occupied by Mr. J. Hoke, on Baltimore street, over the hill, where he has now on hand a very choice selection of

GROCERIES,

of all kinds, such as Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Spices, Vinegar, Pickles, in short, every thing in the Grocery line, which he is selling very low for Cash or Country Produce, and to which he invites the attention of the public, confident that he can supply them with as good and cheap articles in that line as can be had any where.

☞He will also constantly keep

**Flour & Feed-Stuffs,**

which he will sell low. ☞Give him a call, and try his choice Groceries.

Gettysburg, April 17. 3t

## Stoves! Stoves!

ANDREW POLLEY

WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as $20 a piece. Also on hand a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 26. tf

### To the Public.

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention of the Citizens of Adams County, to his extensive stock of

*Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c.—also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,*

which for variety and cheapness, he defies all competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. ☞Call and see, at the South East Corner of Centre Square,

June 6.] KELLER KURTZ.

## PIG LEAD, PIPE, &C.

ENGLISH and American Pig Lead, Lead, Tin, & Cast Iron Water and Gas Pipes, Block Tin, Scotch Pig Iron, and Metals generally, at lowest rates—for sale by

GEORGE EARP, Jr.,
*No. 56, North Wharves, Philadelphia.*

April 24. 1m

### WALL PAPER.
Over 10,000 Piece in Store!

FROM 6 Cents per piece and upwards, including fine Satins, Gold, Velvets, imitation of Woods, Marbles, &c.

ALSO, a great variety of new styles of Curtain Papers, Fire Board Prints, Borders, &c. all of which will certainly be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and see, at the cheap Bookstore of KELLER KURTZ.

June 6. tf

### BALDNESS CURED!
Emerson's American Hair Restorative,

FOR Restoring the Hair on Heads Hopelessly Bald, and to prevent the Hair from falling, is winning golden opinions of persons who are using it. This is a new article, recently introduced, is a sure cure for Baldness, and will stand the test of a discerning Public, as thousands who have used it will testify. See Circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars. Price $1,00 in large Bottles. Sold by

S. H. BUEHLER, *Agent.*
F. W. DYOTT & SONS, Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia.
C. T. FISHER & CO., Proprietors,
57 Superior Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

May 8. 3m

### ENVELOPES,
Dye-Sinking and Engraving.

DIES altered, Envelopes stamped with business cards. Homopathic Envelopes, self-sealed and printed. Paper bags for Grocers and putting up Garden and Flower Seeds with printed directions, at COLBERT'S Envelope Manufactory and Printing Establishment, 60 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Orders will be delivered by Express, or as per agreement.

Philadelphia, March 6. 3m

New and Valuable

## LAW LIBRARY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Purdon's Digest, new edition, from 1700 to 1853, in one volume. Price | $5 00 |
| Roberts' Digest, " | 1 50 |
| Binns' Justice, " | 4 00 |
| Graydon's Forms, " | 3 50 |

The attention of Attornies, Magistrates, and Citizens is directed to the above valuable series of books. Call and examine at KELLER KURTZ'S Bookstore.

Jan. 22. tf

### LEE & RINGLAND'S
(Late Church, Lee & Ringland's,)

## LUMBER YARD
AND
### STEAM SAW-MILL,
ON THE YORK AND CUMBERLAND RAILROAD.
NEW CUMBERLAND, PA.

☞A large supply of all kinds of Lumber always on hand, wholesale and retail. Bills sawed to order at the shortest notice.

N. B. Lumber can be delivered by us at any point on the Cumberland Valley Rail Road, Hanover, York, Baltimore, and intermediate places.

May 30. 9m

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS.—The gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, direct from the Importers, before purchasing, as I cannot be undersold.

April 3. A. ARNOLD.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.—Ladies who are in want of a splendid assortment of Dress Goods, will find it to their advantage by calling on the undersigned, and examining his goods before purchasing. A. ARNOLD.

FASHIONABLE CRAVATS.—Samson has just received the largest assortment of beautiful CRAVATS, of the latest style—which he will sell cheaper than any other establishment in town. Dec. 5.

TELL your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves, and see the very large and fine assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, that has just been received by

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

GENTLEMEN can be furnished with Drawers, Shirts, Shirt-collars, Suspenders, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Socks, Gloves, Umbrellas, Canes, and in fact every thing in the furnishing line at SAMSON'S.

BONNETS & PARASOLS.—I have now on hand a large assortment of Bonnets & Parasols, latest styles, which I have just received, and will sell cheaper than can be had of any establishment in town. Call and see.

April 3. A. ARNOLD.

A Splendid Assortment of BONNETS and BONNET RIBBONS, of a superior quality, to be had cheap at GRAMMER'S new Store. [April 3.

PARASOLS, Umbrellas, and Fans, new styles and cheap, at SCHICK'S.

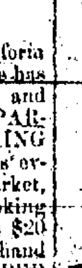
CARPET BAGS.—You will find a very large assortment of Carpet Bags at SAMSON'S One-price Store. They were bought at Auction, and will be sold cheaper than any other establishment dare to sell them.

CLOCKS & JEWELRY.—You will find the above articles for sale, very cheap, at the One-price Store of SAMSON.

HAIR BRAIDS, a desirable article, to be had cheap at SCHICK'S.

QUEENSWARE.—I have just received a large lot of Queens Ware, which I will sell cheap. Call and see. A. ARNOLD.

## BOUNTY LANDS.



PERSONS entitled to Bounty Lands under the acts of Congress of the *United States,* can have their claims promptly and efficiently attended to, by application either personally or by letter, to the subscriber, at his office in Gettysburg. Claimants whose applications have been suspended on account of deficiency in proof, may find it to their advantage to call.

☞The fee charged is $3 in each case, payable upon the delivery of the warrant.

The subscriber will also attend to claims for Pensions for Revolutionary or other services, and the location of lands. The sale and purchase of Land Warrants attended to, and the highest cash price paid for the same.

R. G. McCREARY, *Attorney at Law.*

May 17. tf

## REMOVAL.

### J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.
DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite D. Middlecoff's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Dr. C. N. Berlucby, | Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D. |
| " D. Horner, | Prof. M. Jacobs, |
| " H. S. Huber, | " H. L. Baugher, |
| " D. Gilbert, | " H. A. Muhlenb'g |
| Rev. R. Johnston, | " M. L. Stoever. |

April 18. tf

## DOCTOR
### JOHN A. SWOPE,

HAVING located permanently in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the public.

☞Office and residence in York Street, opposite the Bank.

April 24. 1y

### Law Partnership.

THE undersigned have associated themselves as Partners in the practice of the Law. Their Office is in the room long occupied by the senior partner, where one or both of the Firm can at all times be consulted.

☞The business of *Conveyancing,* in all its branches, will be attended to with promptness, neatness and accuracy.

MOSES M'CLEAN,
WM. M'CLEAN.

Gettysburg, May 1. 3m

### W. A. M'GINLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Square, formerly occupied by D. M'Conaughy, Esq., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

May 15. tf

### JAMES G. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE late of Hon. D. M. SMYSER, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

April 12. tf

### WM. B. M'CLELLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 22. tf

### DAVID WILLS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken Mr. STEVENSON'S Office, North West Corner of Centre Square.

*Reference.*—Hon. T. STEVENS, Lancaster.

Jan. 2. tf

### D. M'CONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

(Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR
*For Pensions and Patents,*

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7. tf

R. HERVEY. J. F. CLARKSON.

### HERVEY & CLARKSON,
*Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,*
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
*Office No. 44 Clark street, CHICAGO, Ill.*

COMMISSIONERS for the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan, Wisconsin and Florida. Agents for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, and Conveyancers: Titles examined, and Abstracts prepared with care and promptness. Collections made.

Aug. 16. 1y

### JOHN F. CLARK,
**Agent for Procuring Patents,**
*Corner of E & 8th streets, near the Patent Office,* WASHINGTON, D. C.

Specifications and Drawings prepared. Particular attention paid Rejected Applications.

Nov. 29. tf

*BEAUTIFULLY*
### ILLUSTRATED WORKS,
In Splendid Bindings.
New and Attractive Juveniles,
*FANCY GOODS,*
in great variety—for sale by

Dec. 19. KELLER KURTZ.

### Exhibition—Admittance Free.

MARCUS SAMSON'S Clothing Emporium embraces the largest and best assortment of Frock and Dress Coats of every variety of color, quality and style, which have ever been offered to the public. Call and see, even if you do not wish to buy.

IRISH LINENS, Muslins, Tickings, Flannels, Linen Table Cloths, Toweling, and Drilling—a large variety—for sale at

April 10. SCHICK'S.

LADIES are invited to call and see the finest article of DRESS SHOE that has ever been in this market.

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

PERFUMERY, of all kinds, will be found at SCHICK'S.

BUFF VESTS.—A splendid lot of Buff Vests just received, and for sale cheap at SAMSON'S.

A large assortment of very superior *Knives* and *Forks;* Pocket and Pen Knives, Razors, Scissors, Table and Tea Spoons, &c., to be had very cheap at the Store of

May 22. GEORGE ARNOLD.

GLOVES and STOCKINGS, all sorts and prices, at SCHICK'S.

## SHERIFFALTY.

*To the Voters of Adams County:*

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration for the office of SHERIFF at the next Election. Should I be elected, it will be my aim to acknowledge the favor by endeavoring to discharge the duties of the office promptly and with fidelity.

HENRY THOMAS.

Straban township, Dec. 19. tc

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the favorable consideration and support of his friends, pledging himself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JOHN L. TATE.

Gettysburg, Oct. 24. tf

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention—pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to perform the duties of the Office to the best of my ability.

GEO. C. STRICKHOUSER.

Gettysburg, Nov. 28. tc

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—At the request of many friends I again offer myself as a candidate for the next SHERIFFALTY of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and pledge myself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office satisfactorily to all.

DANIEL MINNIGH.

Latimore township, Nov. 7. tf

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention. I therefore, respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I succeed in the nomination, and be elected, no effort or exertions on my part shall be spared, by a faithful and impartial performance of the duties thereof, to evince my sense of your kindness and confidence. DAVID NEWCOMMER.

East Berlin, Nov. 28. tc

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election; subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits a liberal support from the Voters of Adams county, and when elected will promise to fulfil the duties of the office with fidelity and despatch. DAVID P. HIXERD.

Straban tp., Feb. 13. tc

THROUGH the encouragement of a number of friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention—pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

GEORGE B. THOMAS.

Reading township, Nov. 7. tf

BY the encouragement of numerous friends I am induced to offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, subject to the decison of the Whig County Convention, and I respectfully ask the support of my fellow-citizens. J. F. KOEHLER.

Abbottstown, Jan. 2. tc

AT the urgent solicitations of many friends I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, at the next Election, subject to the Whig Nominating Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the Office to the best of my ability and without partiality. JOSEPH BARKER.

Germany township, Nov. 28. tc

*Fellow-citizens of the County of Adams:*

THE undersigned, encouraged by solicitations of numerous friends, announces himself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, and respectfully asks the support of his fellow-citizens. If elected, I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

ISAAC LEEPER.

Cumberland tp., March 6. tf

FRIENDS & Fellow-Citizens of the County of Adams:—I have never before solicited your votes for any public station. I now present myself to your consideration as a candidate for the Office of SHERIFF, with the confident hope and assurance of receiving from you a cordial, generous, and liberal support. And I would most respectfully ask a nomination from my Whig friends, when assembled in County Convention. If elected, I will endeavor to execute the duties with promptness, lenity, and impartiality; and all my efforts shall be directed towards a faithful discharge of duty. SAMUEL E. HALL.

Cumberland township, Dec. 26. tf

THE undersigned, encouraged by the solicitations of numerous friends, announces himself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next Election, and respectively asks the support of his fellow-citizens. If elected, I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

ISAAC NEELY.

Freedom township, Dec. 26. tf

## OPENING OF FASHIONS.

### KELLER KURTZ

HAS OPENED HIS FALL STYLES FOR GENTLEMEN'S

HATS & CAPS,

ALSO,

Men's, Boys', Youth's, Ladies', Misses' & Childs' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Ties, and Slippers.

Sept. 5.

TELL your Friends, that MARCUS SAMSON has just received and opened a choice lot of Black, Blue, and Green Cloth Frock and Dress Coats—Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Linens, Cottons, &c.—and will dispose of them at the lowest living rates.

LUTHERAN HYMN BOOKS.—A very large assortment of Lutheran Hymn Books, bound in every style of binding, just received at the cheap Bookstore of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

WANTED, Customers to purchase a superior lot of Black French Dooskin Cassimere Pants, Fancy Cassimeres of every description, Cassinet Pants of every shade and quality, together with any amount of Velvet Cords, Linens, Cottons, &c., at the one-price Store of SAMSON.

WINDOW BLINDS.—A new assortment of Window Blinds, Imitation of Oil Blinds, just arrived at the well-known Store of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

TRUNKS!—A general asortment of Trunks for sale, very cheap, at SAMSON'S.

OVER COATS, OVER COATS.—*Prepare for Winter.* The subscriber has just received and opened a choice lot of Overcoats of every description, made in the best manner, and latest styles, which he is determined to sell cheaper than any other establishment in the County. To test the truth of this call and examine. Remember no trouble to show GOODS. MARCUS SAMSON.

### SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale, in Gettysburg, by the Founder of

April 10. T. WARREN.

## Prothonotary.

*To the Voters of Adams County:*

GRATEFUL for the favors and evidences of confidence heretofore extended to me by my fellow-citizens, and encouraged by numerous solicitations and friendly assurances, I am induced to announce myself as a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the next Whig County Convention—pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to devote my best efforts to a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of the office. JOHN PICKING.

East Berlin, Dec. 12. tc

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

WM. S. HAMILTON.

Butler township, Nov. 14. tf

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully asks the support of his fellow citizens.

ROBERT MARTIN.

Gettysburg, Feb. 13. tc

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

CHARLES W. LEGO.

Franklin township, Jan. 2. tc

*To the Independent Voters of Adams county.*

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—The undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of PROTHONOTARY, at the next Election, subject to the ballot-box. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the Office with fidelity and impartiality. THOMAS BLOCHER.

Butler township, April 3. tc

## Register and Recorder.

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of REGISTER & RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the support of his fellow-citizens,

ALEXANDER COBEAN.

Gettysburg, Dec. 5. tc

*To my Friends & Fellow Voters of Adams County.*

THE generous and cordial support I received on former occasions, has encouraged me to present myself again to your consideration, and that of the Whig County Convention, as a candidate for the Office of REGISTER & RECORDER of Adams county at the next Election, and I therefore respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I succeed in the nomination and be elected, no effort or exertions on my part shall be spared, by a faithful and impartial performance of the duties thereof, to evince my sense of your kindness and confidence.

JOHN L. GUBERNATOR.

Conowago township, Nov. 14. tf

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of REGISTER & RECORDER—subject to the decision of the next Whig County Convention; and respectfully solicits the support of his friends.

JACOB AUGHINBAUGH.

Gettysburg, April 10. tc

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of REGISTER and RECORDER, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and pledges himself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the Office with fidelity and impartiality.

JACOB FULWEILER.

Franklin township, Feb. 20. tc

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR

### Register and Recorder.

*To the Voters of Adams County:*

DAVID McCREARY offers himself as a Candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER, soliciting the nomination from the Whig County Convention. In doing this I make no profession of a superabundance of patriotism, as the foundation of my desire to serve the people of Adams county, but will only say that if elected I will discharge the duties of the office in an honest and satisfactory manner.

Feb. 13. tc

## Clerk of the Courts.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—At the request of many friends I again offer myself as a candidate for the next CLERK OF THE COURTS of Adams county, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicit your favorable consideration and support, pledging myself, if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office with punctuality and fidelity.

J. J. BALDWIN.

Straban township, Nov. 14. tf

THE undersigned will be a candidate for the Office of *Clerk of the Courts*, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention, and respectfully solicits the support of his fellow-citizens. JOHN M'CLEARY.

Fairfield, Nov. 28. tc

I will be a candidate for the Office of *Clerk of the Courts*, at the next Election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.

JOHN GARVIN.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21. tf

## NEW
## HARDWARE STORE.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

**Hardware, Iron, Steel,**
**GROCERIES,**
**CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,**
**Springs, Axles, Saddlery,**
*CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,*
**Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,**

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business; to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Saddlers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinetmakers, Shoemakers, and the public generally.

Our stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee, (for the ready money) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

☞We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9. tf

### For the Ladies.

ALL the latest and most fashionable styles of SHOES, GAITERS and SLIPPERS. ☞Warranted, well made, at

June 6.] KELLER KURTZ'S.

STACKS OF THEM.—We have just received a splendid assortment of VESTS—such as Black and Fancy Satins, Cloth, Cassimeres, Tweeds, &c., which will be sold very low at SAMSON'S.

**Printing of every description.**
**Neatly & expeditiously executed at this office.**

## The Celebrated Dray Horse,
## COBHAM,

FROM the imported horse of England.—This noble horse is of the best breed of the powerful English dray horse. He is descended in the third degree only from the noted horse Drayman, admitted by the best judges to have been the finest horse of that species in the British Kingdom.

COBHAM is rising 4 years old; in height stands 17 hands; his color is jet black, and he weighs 1800 pounds. He possesses amazing muscular power, a remarkable good temper, and has proved to be very docile and submissive. This splendid horse is owned by an association of persons who bought him for $1000 from the owner, who raised him in Franklin county, Pa. and is stabled for the season at Joseph Stouffer's, in Franklin township, York county, the first week in April; and the second in Petersburg, York Springs, Adams county; so alternately changing week about during the season. All who are curious to examine the noblest specimen of the heavy draught horse ever exhibited in America, of his age, are invited to call. For further particulars as to pedigree, &c., see handbills.

THE PROPRIETORS.

April 17.

## FITS! FITS! FITS!
THE VEGETABLE EXTRACT
## EPILEPTIC PILLS,

*For the cure of Fits, Spasms, Cramps, and all Nervous and Constitutional Diseases.*

PERSONS WHO ARE LABORING UNDER this distressing malady, will find the VEGETABLE EPILEPTIC PILLS to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

These pills possess a specific action on the Nervous system; and, although they are prepared especially for the purpose of curing Fits, they will be found of especial benefit for all persons afflicted with weak nerves, or whose nervous system has been prostrated or shattered from any cause whatever. In chronic complaints, or diseases of long standing, superinduced by nervousness, they are exceedingly beneficial.

Price $3 per box, or two boxes for $5. Persons out of the city, enclosing a remittance, will have the Pills sent them through the mail, free of postage. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 BALTIMORE STREET, Baltimore, Md., to whom orders from all parts of the Union, must be addressed, post paid.

May 23. 1y

## 2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

## GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY
### AND MACHINE SHOP,

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Peakskill, and Cabinet Cook Stove, and Air-tight and ten-plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

**The Seyler Ploughs,**

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

☞WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others. Castings for the Woodcock Plough, Wind mill machinery, Castings and Hollow-ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained here.

☞Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual

T. WARREN & SON.

Dec. 15.

MORSE'S
COMPOUND SYRUP OF
## YELLOW DOCK ROOT.

THIS is a Purely Vegetable Compound, scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz:

Regulating and Strengthening the Liver

and Digestive Organs, and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels, and thus curing all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part.

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Disease, Cancers, &c.; Regulating the Secretory Organs, and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases; Strengthening and Quieting the Nervous System, thus allaying Nervous Irritation, and curing all Diseases of the Nerves, as Hysteria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c.

It is unrivalled in the Cure of all

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

as Weakness, General Debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c., caused by weakness; also, Lung & Throat Complaints, as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, &c., also, Dropsy.

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C. MORSE & CO., either ourselves, or in our families, and finding it to be a very salutary and effectual preparation, we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

E. Bourne, Esq. Cashier National Bank, Providence, R. I.; A. W. Spencer, Esq. Cashier Lime Rock Bank, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Wm. Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond, C. S. Jones, editor Providence Gen. Adv.; Wm. Field, M. W. G. M., Cyrus Fisher, M. E. H. P., J. Hutchinson, G. S. Dea, Y. I. Bates, Dr. Benj. Colby, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP of YELLOW DOCK ROOT. I have also been acquainted with its modus operandi in disease, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy that class of Diseases for which it was designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION and all its attendant symptoms, it excites to healthy action the LIVER, removes Torpor, [illegible] the Organs, and stimulates healthy action in all the system. As a DEPURATOR or purifier of the Blood it has no superior. DAVID HOLMES, M. D.

Providence, R. I. Jan. 4, 1853.

☞Prepared by C. MORSE & CO., No. 446 Broadway, N. Y., and sold by Druggists and others throughout this and other countries.

☞For sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

May 30. 1y

### "TAKE MY HAT."

M. SAMSON, having added a new feature to his business, is prepared to offer to the public a choice assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES. Having purchased entirely for cash, he is enabled to sell at astonishingly low prices. Call at the cheap store of M. SAMSON.

May 2. tf

### DRAW NEAR—COME AND SEE!

J. L. SCHICK would inform the Ladies that he now offers the largest and most splendid assortment of BONNETS, Bonnet Silks and Velvets, Ribbons, Flowers, & Hair Braids, ever before opened in this place. Call and see them—no trouble to show Goods.

Oct. 3. tf

DRESS GOODS, of every style. De Bages, Berage de Lanes, Silks, Lawns, with Trimmings to match, for sale cheap at GRAMMER'S New Store. [April 3.